

VISIT...

LANZAROTE
Caliente.COM

Johann Sebastian Bach's Werke.

Herausgegeben von der Bach-Gesellschaft
zu Leipzig.

Print und Druck von Breitkopf & Härtel.

VERZEICHNISS DER MITGLIEDER DER BACH-GESELLSCHAFT.

DIRECTORIUM.

C. Reinecke, Vorsitzender.
Breitkopf & Härtel, Kassirer.
R. Papperitz.
C. Riedel.
E. Röntgen.

AUSSCHUSS.

Heinr. Bellermann, Professor in Berlin. Dr. Johannes Brahms in Wien. Dr. Fr. Chrysander in Bergedorf. Dr. Robert Franz, Musikdirector in Halle. Niels W. Gade, Prof. u. Musikdirector in Copenhagen. E. Grell, Prof. u. königl. Musikdirector in Berlin. Jos. Hauser, Kammer Sänger in Karlsruhe. Heinr. von Herzogenberg, Tonkünstler in Leipzig. Dr. F. von Hiller, städtischer Kapellmeister in Cöln. Dr. J. Joachim, Professor in Berlin. Dr. Ed. Krüger in Göttingen.	Dr. Fr. Lachner, königl. General-Musikdirector in München. Dr. Franz Liszt in Weimar. Jul. Jos. Maier, Kustos der musikalischen Abtheilung der königl. Bibliothek in München. Dr. Ernst Naumann, Professor in Jena. Dr. Wilh. Rust, Kantor an der Thomasschule in Leipzig. C. H. Schede, Wirkl. Geh. Ober-Regierungs-Rath in Berlin. Dr. Ph. Spitta, Professor in Berlin. Dr. Wagener, Professor in Marburg.
--	---

	Expl.
SEINE MAJESTÄT DER DEUTSCHE KAISER, KÖNIG VON PREUSSEN	20
SEINE MAJESTÄT DER KAISER VON ÖSTERREICH	10
SEINE MAJESTÄT DER KÖNIG VON SACHSEN	4
IHRE MAJESTÄT DIE KÖNIGIN VON SACHSEN	1
IHRE MAJESTÄT DIE KÖNIGIN VON ENGLAND	2
SEINE MAJESTÄT KÖNIG GEORG VON HANNOVER †	10
SEINE KÖNIGLICHE HOHEIT DER GROSSHERZOG VON SACHSEN-WEIMAR-EISENACH	2
IHRE KÖNIGLICHE HOHEIT DIE FRAU GROSSHERZOGIN VON SACHSEN-WEIMAR-EISENACH	4
SEINE KÖNIGLICHE HOHEIT DER GROSSHERZOG VON MECKLENBURG-SCHWERIN	3
SEINE HOHEIT DER REGIERENDE HERZOG VON SACHSEN-KOBURG-GOTHA	3
SEINE HOHEIT DER REGIERENDE HERZOG VON SACHSEN-MEININGEN	1
SEINE KÖN. HOHEIT DER PRINZ-GEMAHL ALBERT VON ENGLAND, PRINZ VON SACHSEN-KOBURG-GOTHA †	1
IHRE KÖNIGLICHE HOHEIT DIE PRINZESSIN AMALIE VON SACHSEN †	1
IHRE KAISERLICHE UND KÖNIGLICHE HOHEIT DIE FRAU PRINZESSIN VICTORIA, KRONPRINZESSIN DES DEUTSCHEN REICHES UND VON PREUSSEN	1
IHRE KÖNIGLICHE HOHEIT DIE FRAU LANDGRÄFIN FRIEDRICH VON HESSEN, GEBORENE PRINZESSIN ANNA VON PREUSSEN	1

	Expl.
SEINE KÖNIGLICHE HOHEIT DER PRINZ ALBRECHT VON PREUSSEN	1
SEINE KÖNIGLICHE HOHEIT DER HERZOG MAXIMILIAN IN BAYERN	1
SEINE HOHEIT DER HERZOG BERNHARD VON SACHSEN-MEININGEN	1
SEINE HOHEIT HERZOG GEORG VON MECKLENBURG-STRELITZ	1
SEINE DURCHLAUCHT HEINRICH IV. PRINZ REUSS-KÖSTRITZ	1
SEINE DURCHLAUCHT DER FÜRST KARL EGON ZU FÜRSTENBERG	1

Das Königlich Preussische Ministerium der geistlichen, Unterrichts- und Medicinal-Angelegenheiten 20

DEUTSCHES REICH & OESTERREICH.

<i>Aachen.</i>		Herr Fürstner, Ad., Musikalienhandlung	1
Herr Breunung, Ferd., Musikdirector †	1	Herr Gräfen	1
Herr Brüggemann, Hofrath †	1	Herr Grassnick, Particulier †	1
Herr Hasenclever, Georg, Landrath	1	Herr Prof. Grell, E., königl. Musikdirector	1
<i>Altbrunn bei Brünn.</i>		Herr Hirschberg, Ludwig	1
Herr Křížkowsky, P., Augustiner-Stifts-Priester und		Herr Dr. Joachim, J., Professor	1
Regens-Chori zu St. Thomas	1	Herr Klingner, C., Kammergerichtsrath	1
<i>Altdorf bei Nürnberg.</i>		Herr Liepmannssohn, Leo, Buchhandlung	2
Das königl. bayer. Schullehrer-Seminar	1	Herr Lührs, C., Tonkünstler †	1
<i>Altenburg.</i>		Herr Marquard	1
Herr Dr. Stade, W., Herzogl. Hofkapellmeister	1	Frau Gräfin von Pourtalès	1
<i>Arnstadt.</i>		Herr Radecke, R., Hofkapellmeister	1
Herr Stade, H. B., Musikdirector †	1	Herr Rudorff, E., Professor	1
<i>Augsburg.</i>		Herr Scharwenka, Xaver, Director des Conservatoriums	1
Der protestantische Kirchenchor	1	Herr Schede, C. H., Wirkl. Geh. Ober-Regierungsrath	1
<i>Bamberg.</i>		Herr Schulze, A., Professor	1
Das königl. bayer. Schullehrer-Seminar	1	Herr Baron Senfft v. Pilsach	1
<i>Barmen.</i>		Herr Dr. Spitta, Philipp, Professor	1
Der städtische Singverein	1	Herr Prof. Stern, J., königl. Musikdirector	1
Herr Ibach Sohn, Rud.	1	Herr Taubert, W., königl. Ober-Kapellmeister	1
<i>Bergedorf bei Hamburg.</i>		Herr Vierling, G., Musikdirector	1
Herr Dr. Chrysander, Fr.	1	<i>Bernburg.</i>	
<i>Berlin.</i>		Herr Kanzler, Fr., Musikdirector	1
Der Domchor	1	<i>Bonn.</i>	
Der Stern'sche Gesangverein	1	Frau Duncklenberg, Conrad	1
Die königliche akademische Hochschule für Musik	1	Herr Dr. Prieger, Erich	1
Die königliche Bibliothek	1	<i>Braunschweig.</i>	
Die Redaction der neuen Berliner Musikzeitung	1	Herrn Litolf's Verlag, H.	1
Die Redaction der Berliner Musikzeitung: Echo	1	<i>Bremen.</i>	
Die Schlesinger'sche Buch- und Musikalienhandlung	1	Der Künstler-Verein	1
Die Trautwein'sche Buch- und Musikalienhandlung	1	Die Singakademie	1
Herren Asher & Co., Buchhandlung	1	Herr Runge, Otto	1
Herr Bargiel, Woldem., Prof. an der Hochschule für Musik	1	<i>Breslau.</i>	
Herr Beller mann, H., Professor	1	Das königl. katholische Gymnasium	1
Herr von Beyer, General	1	Das königl. Institut für Kirchenmusik	1
Herren Bote & Bock, Musikalienhandlung	1	Die Singakademie	1
Herr Deppe, Ludwig, Musikdirector	1	Die Leuckart'sche Sort.-Buch- u. Musikhandlung	1
Herr Dr. Franck, Eduard, königl. Professor und Musikdirector	1	Herr Bohn, Emil, Organist	1
		Herr Dr. Kern, Assistenzarzt	1
		Herr Maske, Georg, Buchhändler	1

<i>Carlsruhe.</i>	Expl.	<i>Frankfurt a/M.</i>	Expl.
Der Cäcilienverein	1	Der Cäcilien-Verein	1
Die grossherzogliche Hof-Kirchenmusik	1	Herr Henkel, H., Tonkünstler	1
Herr Hauser, Joseph, Kammersänger	2	Herr Müller, C., Musikdirector	1
Herr Dr. Schell, W., Hofrath, Professor	1	Herr Oppel, Wigand, Organist	1
		Herr Reichard, G.	1
<i>Coblenz.</i>		Herr Dr. Schlemmer	1
Herr Chardon, G., Rechnungsrath	1	Herr Dr. Scholz, Bernhard, Musikdirector	1
Herr Dr. Hasenclever	1	Frau Dr. Schumann, Clara	1
		Herr Dr. Spiess, G. A. †	1
<i>Cöln.</i>		Herr Prof. Stockhausen, Julius, Musikdirector	1
Das Oberbürgermeister-Amt	1		
Der städtische Gesangverein	1	<i>Freiburg i/Br.</i>	
Die rheinische Musikschule	1	Herr Dimmler, Hermann,	1
Herr Behr, H., Theater-Director	1	Herren Kaiser & Schiedmayer, Musikalienhandlung	1
Herr Dr. von Hiller, F., städtischer Kapellmeister	1	Herr Schweitzer, Joh., Domkapellmeister	1
Herr Hompesch, N. J., Professor	1		
Herr Krug, Reg.-Rath	1	<i>Gersfeld bei Fulda.</i>	
Herr Prof. von KönigsLöw, Otto, Concertmeister	1	Herr Graf Froberg-Montjoie	1
Herr Prof. von Lange, S., Musikdirector	1		
		<i>Glücksbrunn (Sachs.-Meiningen).</i>	
<i>Cöthen.</i>		Frau Gontard-Lampe, Minna	1
Herr Berendt, Albrecht, Gymnasiallehrer	1		
		<i>Görlitz.</i>	
<i>Crefeld.</i>		Herr von Keszycki, königl. Preuss. Kammerherr	1
Herr Barth, Richard, Concertmeister	1		
Herr Grüters, Aug., Musikdirector	1	<i>Göttingen.</i>	
		Die königliche Universitäts-Bibliothek	1
<i>Darmstadt.</i>		Herr Prof. Dr. Baum, Geh. Obermedizinalrath †	1
Die grossherzogliche Hofmusik	1	Herr Dr. Voigt, Woldemar, Professor	1
<i>Dessau.</i>		<i>Graz.</i>	
Die herzogliche Hofkapelle	1	Der Grazer Singverein	1
		Herr Thieriot, Ferd., Musikdirector	1
<i>Detmold.</i>			
Die fürstliche Hofkapelle	1	<i>Grimma.</i>	
		Herr Steglich, E., Musikdirector †	1
<i>Dresden.</i>			
Die königliche öffentliche Bibliothek	1	<i>Gütersloh.</i>	
Der Tonkünstlerverein	1	Herr Masberg, Joh., Dirigent	1
Die Dreyssig'sche Singakademie	1		
Frau Professor Czermak	1	<i>Halle a/S.</i>	
Herr Graebe, A., Geh. Justiz-Rath.	1	Die Singakademie	1
Herr Hoffarth, L., Musikalien-Verlagshandlung	1	Herr Fahrenberger, Schloss- und Dom-Organist	1
Herr Klemm, C. A., Musikalienhandlung	2	Herr Dr. Franz, R., Musikdirector	1
Herr Leonhard, J. E., Professor am Conservatorium †	1	Herr Karmrodt, H., Musikalienhandlung	1
Herr Schurig, Volkmar, Kantor an der Annenkirche	1	Herr Voretzsch, F., Musikdirector	1
Frau von Seelhorst	1		
Herr Dr. Wüllner, Fr., Hofkapellmeister	1	<i>Hamburg.</i>	
Herr Zillmann, Theodor, Tonkünstler	1	Die Singakademie	1
		Die Stadtbibliothek	1
<i>Duisburg.</i>		Herr Armbrust, Organist	1
Herr Curtius, Fr.	1	Herr Dr. Bartels, J. N.	1
		Herr Prof. von Bernuth, J., Director der Singakademie	1
<i>Düsseldorf.</i>		Herr Böhme, J. A.	1
Der Gesang-Musikverein	1	Herr von Dommer, A., Musikgelehrter	1
Herr Tausch, Julius, Musikdirector	1	Herr Prof. Grädener, C. G. P. †	1
		Herr Otten, G. D., Musikdirector	1
		Herr Spengel, Julius	1
<i>Elberfeld.</i>			
Der Gesangverein	1	<i>Hannover.</i>	
Frau Louis Simons	1	Das Lyceum	1
Frau Walter Simons	1	Herr Fischer, C. L., Hofkapellmeister †	1
		Herr Frank, Ernst, Königl. Kapellmeister	1
<i>Erlangen.</i>		Herr Kestner, Hermann, Particulier	1
Die königliche Universitäts-Bibliothek	1		
		<i>Heidelberg.</i>	
		Herr Dr. Sattler, G.	1

<i>Herrnhut.</i>	Expl.	<i>Linz.</i>	Expl.
Herr Geller, A. F., Inspector	1	Der Musikverein	1
<i>Hildesheim.</i>		<i>Ludwigshafen.</i>	
Herr Nick, W., Musikdirector	1	Herr von Jäger, A., Königl. Reg.-Rath und Director der pfälzischen Eisenbahn †	1
<i>Homburg.</i>		<i>Lüneburg.</i>	
Das königl. preussische Seminar	1	Herr Uellner, C., Organist	1
<i>Horosoutz (Bukowina).</i>		<i>Luxemburg.</i>	
Herr Warteresiewicz, Severin	1	Herr von Scherff, F., Advokat	1
<i>Jena.</i>		<i>Magdeburg.</i>	
Herr Dr. Hartenstein, Professor	1	Herr Rebling, G., Organist und Musikdirector	1
Herr Prof. Dr. Naumann, E., Universitäts-Musikdirector	1	<i>Mainz.</i>	
<i>Kaiserslautern.</i>		Die Liedertafel	1
Herr Maczewski, C., Musikdirector †	1	<i>Mannheim.</i>	
<i>Kiel.</i>		Herr Heckel, K. F., Musikalienhandlung	1
Der Gesangverein	1	Herr Kahn, Robert, Tonkünstler	1
Herr Gaenge, Th., Tonkünstler	1	Herr Sautier, Jos., Musikdirector	1
Herr Stange, H., Univers.-Musikdirector	1	<i>Marburg.</i>	
<i>Königsberg i/Pr.</i>		Herr Dr. Wagener, Professor	1
Die Königliche und Universitäts-Bibliothek	1	<i>München.</i>	
Die musikalische Akademie	1	Das Conservatorium der Musik	1
Frau Charisius, Magdalene	1	Die königliche Hof-Musik-Intendanz	1
Herr Hahn, A., Musikdirector u. Red. der Tonkunst †	1	Die königliche Hof- und Staatsbibliothek	1
Herr Müller, E., Musikalienhandlung	1	Herr Ackermann, Th., Buchhandlung	1
<i>Kremsmünster.</i>		Herr Grenzebach, E., Musikdirector †	1
Herr Kerschbaum, P. Maximilian, Capitular und Musikdirector †	1	Herr Dr. Keuthe	1
<i>Leipzig.</i>		Herr Dr. Lachner, Fr., kgl. General-Musikdirector	1
Das königl. Conservatorium der Musik	1	Herr Levi, H., Hofkapellmeister	1
Der Bach-Verein	1	Herr Maier, J., Kustos der musikal. Abtheilung der königl. Bibliothek	1
Der Thomaner-Chor	1	Herr Freiherr von Perfall, C.	1
Die Concert-Direction	1	Herr Professor Planck, Geheimer Rath	1
Die Stadt-Bibliothek	1	Herr Dr. Riehl, W. H., Professor	1
Herr Becker, C. F. †	1	Herr v. Sahr, H., Tonkünstler	1
Herren Breitkopf und Härtel, Musikalienhandlung	1	<i>Münster.</i>	
Herr Prof. Dr. Carus	1	Herr Grimm, Julius O., Musikdirector	1
Herr Dresel, Otto	1	<i>Münster (Ober-Elsass).</i>	
Herr Dr. Engelmann, Wilh., Buchhändler	1	Frau Hartmann, Susanne	1
Frau Prof. Dr. Frege, Livia	1	<i>Neuburg a. d. Donau.</i>	
Herr Grabau, A., Tonkünstler †	1	Herr Unterbirker, Schullehrer	1
Herr von Herzogenberg, Heinrich, Tonkünstler	1	<i>Neuwied.</i>	
Frau von Holstein, Hedwig	1	Herr Steinhausen, F. C. W., Musikdirector	1
Herr Jadassohn, S., Musikdirector	1	<i>Nossen.</i>	
Herr Kirchner, Th., Musikdirector	1	Das königl. sächs. Seminar	1
Herr Klemm, C. A., Musikalienhändler	1	<i>Offenbach a/M.</i>	
Herr Dr. Klengel, J. †	1	Herr Friese, E., Concertmeister	1
Herr von Kolatschewsky	1	Herr Philips, Eugen	1
Herr Dr. Papperitz, Lehrer am Conservatorium der Musik	1	<i>Oldenburg.</i>	
Herr Dr. Petschke, Hofrath	1	Herr Dietrich, A., Hofkapellmeister	1
Herr Reinecke, C., Kapellmeister	1	<i>Plauen im Voigtl.</i>	
Herr Prof. Richter, E. F., Kantor u. Musikdirector †	1	Das königl. sächs. Seminar	1
Herr Professor Dr. Riedel, C., Musikdirector	1	<i>Rostock.</i>	
Herr Röntgen, Engelb., Concertmeister	1	Herr Steinmann, A., Referendar	1
Herr Dr. Rust, Wilh., Kantor an d. Thomasschule	1		
Herren Schubert & Co., Musikalienhandlung	1		
Frau Dr. Seeburg	1		

<i>Rüdesheim.</i>	Expl.	<i>Wandsbeck.</i>	Expl.
Herr von Beckerath, Rud.	1	Herr Eickhoff, Gymnasiallehrer	1
<i>Schleswig.</i>		<i>Weimar.</i>	
Herr Freiherr von Lilienkron, Klosterpropst zu St. Johann	1	Herr Baron Walter von Goethe, Grossh. Kammerherr	1
		Herr Kanonikus Dr. Liszt, Franz	1
<i>Schneeberg.</i>		<i>Wernigerode.</i>	
Das königl. sächs. Seminar	1	Herr Trautermann, G., Musikdirector	1
<i>Schwerin.</i>		<i>Wien.</i>	
Herr Dr. Mettenheimer, Medizinalrath und Grossherzogl. Leibarzt	1	Die Singakademie	1
Herr Trutschel, Anton, Musikalienhandlung	1	Herr Dr. Brahms, J., Tonkünstler	1
<i>Sondershausen.</i>		Herr Brüll, Ignaz	1
Die fürstliche Hofkapelle	1	Herr van Bruyck, C., Tonkünstler	1
		Herr Gutmann, J., Musikalienhandlung	1
<i>Spandau.</i>		Herr Heuberger, Richard, Tonkünstler	1
Herr Schulz, Franz, Organist	1	Herr Jüllig, Franz	1
<i>Stettin.</i>		Herr Graf Laurencin	1
Herr Flügel, G., königl. Musikdir. u. Schlossorganist	1	Herr Mandyczewski, Eusebius, Tonkünstler	1
Herr Mayer, W., Stadtrath	1	Herr Richter, H., k. k. Hofopernkapellmeister	1
<i>Strassburg im Elsass.</i>		Herr Schenner, Wilhelm, Professor	1
Der akadem. Gesang-Verein an der Kaiser Wilhelms-Universität	1	Herr Schmidt, R. †	1
Die kaiserliche Universitäts- und Landes-Bibliothek	1	Frau Baronin Sina, Marie	1
Herr Rautenburg, Zollinspector	1	Sr. Excellenz Herr Freiherr v. Vesque-Püttlingen, J., k. k. Sectionschef	1
Herr Stockhausen, Franz, städtischer Musikdirector	1	Herr Wetzler, Ed., Musikalienhandlung	1
		Herr Dr. Zeller, K.	1
<i>Stuttgart.</i>		<i>Wiesbaden.</i>	
Die königl. Hand-Bibliothek	1	Der Cäcilienverein	1
Der Verein für klassische Kirchenmusik	1	Herr Bogler, C., Collaborator	1
Herr Abert, J. J., Hofkapellmeister	1	Herr Ehlert, Louis, Professor †	1
Herr Fritze, W., Musikdirector †	1	Herr Marburg, F., Hofkapellmeister a. D. †	1
Herr Pruckner, Dionys, Hofpianist	1	Herr Wendel, C., Gesanglehrer †	1
Herr Zumsteeg, G. A., Musikalienhandlung	1	Herr Wolff, Leonhard, Musikdirector	1
<i>Tarna Eörs.</i>		<i>Zehdenick.</i>	
Herr Baron von Orzy, F.	1	Herr Saran, A., Superintendent	1
<i>Tübingen.</i>		<i>Zittau.</i>	
Die königliche Universitäts-Bibliothek	1	Der Gymnasial-Chor	1
Herr Scherzer, O., Universitäts-Musikdirector	1	<i>Zwickau.</i>	
		Der Musikverein	1

A U S L A N D.

BELGIEN.	Expl.	Leicester.	Expl.
<i>Antwerpen.</i>		Herr Löhr, George S. L.	1
Herr Possoz, H., Musikalienhandlung.	1	<i>Liverpool.</i>	
<i>Brügge.</i>		Herr Audsley, G. A.	1
Herr Hoffmann, Musikalienhandlung	1	<i>London.</i>	
<i>Brüssel.</i>		Das britische Museum	1
Die königliche Bibliothek	1	Die Sacred Harmonic Society	1
Das Conservatorium der Musik	1	Herr Armes, G. A.	1
Herr Gevaert, F. A., Director des Königl. Conser-	1	Herr Augener, George	1
vatoriums der Musik	1	Herr Barrow, S.	1
Herr Graf von Hadelin Liedekerke-Beaufort	1	Herr Benedict, Julius	1
Herr Pardon, Felix, Tonkünstler	1	Herr Bennett, J. R.	1
Fräulein Reitz, Pauline	1	Herr Best, W. T.	1
Herren Gebr. Schott, Musikalienhandlung	1	Herr Cooper, G.	1
<i>Gent.</i>		Herr Dannreuther, Ed., Professor	1
Das Conservatorium der Musik	1	Herren Dulau & Co., Buchhandlung	1
<i>Mons.</i>		Herr Ellissen, Gustav	1
Die Akademie der Musik	1	Herr Fowler, W. W.	1
		Herr Goldschmidt, Otto, Professor	1
		Herr Grove, George	1
		Frau Hamilton, Nisbet	1
		Herr Herbert, George	1
		Herr Hopkins, E. G.	1
		Herr Jervis, Vincent	1
		Herr Lemmens	1
		Herr May, E. Colett	1
		Herren Novello, Ewer & Co., Musikalienhandlung	2
		Herr Oakeley, H. S.	1
		Herr Pauer, Ernst, Professor	1
		Herr Prout, Ebenezer	1
		Herr Quaritch, B.	1
		Frau Stirling, E.	1
		Herr Werner, L.	1
		Herr Westbrook, W. J.	1
DÄNEMARK.			
<i>Copenhagen.</i>		<i>Lowestoft b./Suffolk.</i>	
Die grosse Königliche Bibliothek	1	Fräulein Arnold	1
Der Musikverein	1	<i>Manchester.</i>	
Herr Barnekow, Chr.	1	Herr Foulkes, W.	1
Herr Prof. Gade, Niels W., Musikdirector	1	Herr Hallé, C.	1
Herr Hartmann, J. P. E., Professor	1	Herr Hecht, Eduard	1
Herr Heise, P., Organist	1	<i>Manningham.</i>	
Herr Graf Lerche, C. A.	2	Herr Dr. Hayne, L. G.	1
Herr Winding, August, Tonkünstler	1	<i>Oxford.</i>	
		Herr Allehin, Howell †	1
		Herr Mee, F. H., Merton College	1
		<i>Slough.</i>	
		Herr Ouseley, F., Baronet	1
		<i>Sydenham.</i>	
		Herr Barry, C. A.	1
		<i>Tenbury.</i>	
		Herr Ouseley, Gore, Professor	1
		<i>Uppingham.</i>	
		Herr David. Paul	1
		<i>York.</i>	
		Herr Darnell, Rob. M., Capitain d. 1. York-Regim.	1
		Herr Lunn, J. R.	1

FRANKREICH.		Expl.		Expl.
<i>Carcassonne.</i>			<i>Neapel.</i>	
Herr de Rolland du Roquan, Charles	1		Herr Florimo, Fr., Bibliothekar	1
<i>Hâvre.</i>			<i>Rom.</i>	
Herr Oechsner, A.	1		Herr Wichmann, H., Musikdirector	1
<i>Lyon.</i>			NIEDERLANDE.	
Herr Rivet, Theodor	1		<i>Haag.</i>	
<i>Montpellier.</i>			Herr Nicolai, W. F. G., Musikdirector	1
Herr Laurens, Secretair der medicinischen Facultät	1		<i>Middelburg.</i>	
<i>Nantes.</i>			Herr de Jonge van Ellemeet	1
Herr Crahay, L.	1		<i>Rotterdam.</i>	
<i>Paris.</i>			Die Gesellschaft zur Beförderung der Tonkunst	1
Die National-Bibliothek	1		Herr S. von Lange	1
Das Conservatorium der Musik	1		Herr Serruys, Alex., Gen.-Consul	1
Der Prinz von Villafranca †	1		NORWEGEN.	
Herr Alkan, Professor	1		<i>Christiania.</i>	
Herr Baudouin, Tonkünstler	1		Herr Lindemann, L. M., Organist	1
Herr Behrens, Ad.	1		Herr Stang, W. B., Dr. phil.	1
Herr von Beriot, Sohn	1		RUSSLAND.	
Herr Bernard, Em.	1		<i>Helsingfors.</i>	
Frau Gräfin Branicka †	2		Herr Faltin, R., Univ.-Musikdirector	1
Herr Bussine, Romain, Professor	1		<i>Moskau.</i>	
Herr de Courcel	1		Herr Jürgenson, P. J., Musikalienhandlung	1
Herr Damcke, B. †	1		Herr Tanejew, Sergli, Pianist	1
Herren Durand, Schönewerk & Comp., Musikalien-			<i>St. Petersburg.</i>	
handlung	1		Die russische Musikgesellschaft	1
Herren Durdilly & Co., V., Musikalienhandlung	1		Herr Albrecht, Robert	1
Herr von Froberville, E.	1		Herr Becker, Carl, Staatsrath †	1
Herr Gouvy, Th.	1		Herr Bernard, M., Musikalienhandlung	1
Herr Guilmant, Alex.	1		Herr Brassin, Louis, Professor am Conservatorium	
Herr Heyberger, J., Musikdirector	1		der Musik †	1
Herr Lamoureux, Charles	1		Herr Büttner, A., Musikalienhandlung	1
Madame de Lavergne	1		Herr Safonow, W., Tonkünstler	1
Herr Legoux	1		<i>Riga.</i>	
Herr Lenepveu	1		Die Stadtbibliothek	1
Fräulein Lewkowitz	1		Herr Bergner, W., Organist	1
Herr von Lombardière	1		Herr Pacht, Pastor †	1
Madame Marjolin-Scheffer	1		Herr von Rudnitzki, Geh. Rath	1
Herr Pfeiffer, Georges J.	1		<i>Walk.</i>	
Herren Pleyel, Wolff & Co.	1		Herr Ulmann, Dr. L.	1
Madame de Ridder	1		<i>Warschau.</i>	
Herr Rodrique, E., Bankier	1		Herr Freyer, A., Organist	1
Herr Sainbris	1		SCHWEDEN.	
Herr Guillot de Sainbris	1		<i>Lund.</i>	
Herr Saint Saëns, Camille, Tonkünstler	1		Die musikalische Kapelle	1
Herr Abbé Seigneur	1		<i>Norköping.</i>	
Frau Szarvady, Wilhelmine	1		Herr Anjou, N. J., Just. u. Rathsherr †	1
Herr Tavernier, P.	1		<i>Stockholm.</i>	
Herr Tellefsen, T. D. A. †	1		Die königliche Musik-Akademie	1
Frau Viardot-Garcia, Pauline	1		Herr Hallström, Ivar	1
Herr Wittmann, Hugo	1		Herr Lindblad, A. F. †	1
Herr Wolff, A., Tonkünstler	1		Herr Rubenson, F. A.	1
<i>Pau.</i>			<i>Upsala.</i>	
Madame de St. Cricq Dartigaux †	1		Die königliche akademische Kapelle	1
ITALIEN.				
<i>Mailand.</i>				
Das Conservatorium der Musik	1			
Herr Hoepli, U., Buchhandlung	1			

SCHWEIZ.	Expl.	VEREINIGTE STAATEN.	Expl.
<i>Basel.</i>		<i>Baltimore.</i>	
Der Gesangverein	1	Peabody Institute, Musical Library	1
Herr Dr. Bagge, Selmar, Director der Allgemeinen Musikschule	1	<i>Boston.</i>	
Herr Glaus, Alfred, Organist	1	Harvard, Musical Association	1
Herr Löw, Rudolph, Tonkünstler	1	Herr Leonhard, Hugo †	1
Herr Riggensbach Stehlin	1	Herr Dr. Tuckerman, S. P.	1
Herr Thurneysen, E.	1	<i>Cambridge (Massachusetts).</i>	
Herr Volkland, A., Kapellmeister	1	Harvard College Library	1
Herr Walther, A., Musikdirector	1	<i>Ft. Dodge, (Iowa.)</i>	
<i>Bern.</i>		Herr Gray, R. S.	1
Die Eidgenössische Musikgesellschaft	1	<i>Hartford (Connecticut).</i>	
<i>Lausanne.</i>		Herr Lyman, Christopher C.	1
St. Cäcilia, Gesangverein	1	<i>Montréal (Canada).</i>	
Herr Benda, B., Musikalienhandlung	1	Herr Warren, S. P.	1
<i>Schaffhausen.</i>		<i>New-Haven.</i>	
Herr Imhof, Pfarrer	1	Yale College	1
<i>Winterthur.</i>		<i>New-York.</i>	
Herr Rieter-Biedermann, J., Musikalienhandlung	1	Herr Eddy, Clarence	1
<i>Zürich.</i>		Herren Martens Brothers, Musikalienhandlung	1
Herr Hegar, Friedrich, Musikdirector	1	Herr Dr. Ritter, Fr. L.	1
Herr Dr. Poole, Reginald Lane, M. A.	1	Herr Schirmer, G., Musikalienhandlung	1
Frau Schnyder von Wartensee	1	Herr Stechert, Gustav, Buchhandlung	1
		Herr Thomas, Theodor	1
		Herren Westermann & Co., Buchhandlung	1
<i>SPANIEN.</i>		<i>Oberlin.</i>	
<i>Madrid.</i>		Herr Cady, Calvin B.	1
Herren Bailly-Bailliere	1	<i>Ogdensburg.</i>	
		Herr Dumouchel, Edouard A.	1

Joh. Seb. Bach's

Messen

F dur. A dur. G moll. G dur.

Herausgegeben von der Bach-Gesellschaft

zu Leipzig.

VORWORT.

Die im gegenwärtigen Bande zusammengestellten vier Messen sind *Missae breves*: sie enthalten nur die Sätze *Kyrie* und *Gloria*, den Theil der Messe, der in der protestantischen Kirche zur Anwendung kommt, diese beiden Sätze aber in weiter Ausführung. Namentlich theilt das *Gloria*, das bei so vielen Messen-Compositionen in einem Allegro, einem Andante zu den Worten «*qui tollis peccata mundi*», und der Rückkehr in das Allegro bei «*quoniam tu solus sanctus*» besteht, sich hier in eine Reihe für sich bestehender, abschließender Musikstücke, in welchen die einzelnen Theile des Textes selbständig ausgeführt werden. In gleicher Weise hat S. Bach den vollständigen Messtext behandelt in seiner Hmoll Messe, wodurch diese eine Ausdehnung bekommen hat, dass sie, von der Schwierigkeit der Ausführung abgesehen, schon der langen Zeitdauer wegen auch beim katholischen Gottesdienste nie hat angewendet werden können. Ueber Zweck und Entstehung derselben ist im Vorwort zum 6^{ten} Bande, der diese Messe enthält, so ausführliche Nachricht gegeben, als sie zu ermitteln war. Wie in der Hmoll Messe, so finden wir auch in den vier Messen des vorliegenden Bandes manche frühere Compositionen S. Bach's von ihm wieder verwendet. Arien und Chöre aus Kirchencantaten sind hier, mit Worten des lateinischen Messtextes versehen, aufgenommen worden, zum Theil in anderer Bearbeitung, oft aber auch nur so weit verändert, als es die Unterlegung der neuen Textworte nöthig machte. Zu verwundern wird es immer bleiben, dass der so reich mit Productionsfähigkeit begabte S. Bach seine eigenen früheren Werke vorzüglicher Stücke beraubte, um spätere damit zu ergänzen; und zwar gehören die Cantaten, aus denen Sätze in die Messen herüber genommen sind, keineswegs zu solchen, bei denen man glauben dürfte, Bach habe sie als zur Aufführung nicht mehr zu benutzende aufgegeben und habe nur die besseren Stücke daraus retten wollen; vielmehr sind sie meist von den vorzüglichsten, und wenn in der Regel nur Cantatenarien zu Arien für die Messe verwendet sind, so ist in der dritten der vorliegenden Messen schon das *Kyrie* kein Originalsatz; es besteht in dem Einleitungsschor der Cantate: «*Herr, deine Augen sehen nach dem Glauben*» ohne irgendwelche Abänderungen als solche, die durch die neue Wortunterlegung nöthig wurden. Ebenso ist das *Kyrie* der vierten Messe der Einleitungsschor der Cantate: «*Siehe zu, dass deine Gottesfurcht nicht Heuchelei sei*». Wo aber immer Änderungen zu treffen sind, da erweist die Lesart der Messe sich jederzeit entschieden als die verbesserte, daher am wenigsten anzunehmen ist, dass die Musikstücke aus den Messen in die Cantaten übergegangen seien, dem auch der in vielen Fällen den Cantatenworten noch enger als den lateinischen sich anschliessende musikalische Ausdruck widersprechen würde. Die Originalsätze der Messen sind aber so bedeutend, nach ihrem musikalischen Gehalte sowohl, als nach der kunstreichen polyphonischen Factur, dass um dieser Stücke willen schon die Aufnahme der Messen in diese Ausgabe geboten war. Dann wird es aber auch von Interesse sein, manche der schon erschienenen Cantatenarien, andere, die in späteren Bänden noch folgen werden, mit den Umarbeitungen vergleichen zu können, denen S. Bach sie zur Aufnahme in die

Messen unterzogen hat. Ebenso sind manche aus Cantaten entlehnte Chorsätze für die Messe wesentlich umgestaltet. Wollte man aber von einer Gedankenökonomie sprechen bei dieser doppelten Verwendung derselben Musikstücke, so wird von anderer Seite die Umbildungsfertigkeit bewundert werden müssen, mit welcher S. Bach die Sätze dem neuen Zweck aneignet und sie für die neuen Worte fast immer ungezwungen wie Originalcompositionen erscheinen lässt. Hat das oft schon grosse Schwierigkeiten bei Arien, wenn man die S. Bach'schen Gesangmelodien bedenkt, die so sehr in der Harmonie und in der Coexistenz mit anderen begleitenden Instrumentalmelodien bedingt sind, dass sie auch die Abänderung nur einzelner Noten nicht leicht zulassen, so sind hier auch Fälle vorhanden, wo es sich nicht um eine solche Melodienabänderung allein handelt: wo Bach aus einer Arie einen mehrstimmigen Satz bildet, die begleitenden Stimmen genau beibehält und für die frühere Sologesangstimme einen polyphonisch belebten Chor eintreten lässt. Man weiss, dass J. Haydn sein Oratorium: «Die Worte des Erlösers am Kreuz» aus sieben Orchester-Adagiosätzen, die von ihm zu einer Kirchenfunction für die Charwoche geschrieben waren, umgebildet hat. Haydn hat das auf eine so meisterhafte Art gethan, dass nur selten der Chorsatz seine Entstehung aus dem Orchestersatz nicht ganz verleugnen kann. Wie gering aber an technischer Schwierigkeit ist die Aufgabe hier gewesen, wenn sie auch immer schwer genug war, im Vergleich gegen die, zu Bach'schem fertigen Orchestersatz Bach'schen Chorsatz zu fügen. Das ist eine Forderung, welcher freilich nur S. Bach selbst Genüge leisten konnte, deren Lösung aber auch bei ihm noch zu bewundern bleibt, in der Art wie sie geschehen sowohl, als dass er nicht weniger Mühe darin fand, statt solcher Umbildungen neue Musikstücke zu schaffen, wie es der Selbständigkeit des neuen Werkes doch immer auch vortheilhafter gewesen sein würde.

Ueber die einzelnen Messen ist das Folgende zu sagen.

I. Messe in Fdur. (Seite 3—50.)

Vorlage zur Ausgabe dieser Messe war hauptsächlich eine zuverlässige Partitur-Abschrift von der Hand Altnicol's, dem Schüller und Schwiegersohn S. Bach's, der seiner Zeit als Orgelspieler hochgeschätzt wurde. Diese Partitur befindet sich in der Königlichen Bibliothek zu Berlin. In anderer Abschrift ist das *Kyrie* dieser Messe in derselben Bibliothek nochmals vorhanden. Hier ist Vieles von dem Altnicol'schen Exemplare abweichend: der Cantus firmus, welcher in diesem den Blasinstrumenten zugetheilt ist, wird von einem „Soprano I.“ mit den deutschen Worten des *Agnus Dei* gesungen. Nicht zu verkennen ist aber in den Varianten der beiden Abschriften, dass die Altnicol'sche eine spätere verbesserte Bearbeitung des *Kyrie*, durch S. Bach's Hand enthält. Ebenso ist aber auch aus dem Vorhandensein dieser doppelten Lesart mit ziemlicher Sicherheit zu schliessen, dass der Satz gleich ursprünglich zu einem *Kyrie* bestimmt war und nicht, wie es öfters vorkommt, die Umarbeitung eines früheren Kirchencantatenstückes ist. Ob der erste Satz des *Gloria* und die Bassarie «*Domine Deus*» aus Cantaten entlehnt oder zur Messe componirt sind, hat sich noch nicht ermitteln lassen. Die Sätze «*qui tollis*» und «*quoniam*» finden wir in der Cantate: «*Herr, deine Augen sehen nach dem Glauben*», das «*cum sancto Spiritu*» in der Cantate: «*Dazu ist erschienen der Sohn Gottes*» wieder. Inwieweit diese Stücke für die Messe abgeändert sind, wird aus der Vergleichung mit den Partituren der betreffenden Cantaten zu ersehen sein. Die Cantate: «*Dazu ist erschienen*» ist im 7^{ten} Bande (Nr. 40) enthalten, die andere: «*Herr, deine Augen*» folgt in einem späteren. Zu bemerken ist hier, dass in der Simrock'schen Ausgabe dieser Cantate (Kirchenmusik von J. S. Bach, I. Band, Nr. 2) die mit dem *qui tollis* correspondirende Arie ausgelassen ist; sie beginnt mit den Worten: «*Wohl der Seele, die den Schaden nicht mehr kennt*», ist für Alt und in Fmoll gesetzt.

II. Messe in A dur. (Seite 53—98.)

Zu dieser Messe lag das Autograph mit der bezifferten Original-Organstimme im Besitz der Herren Breitkopf und Härtel vor. Ausser diesem noch die getreue Copie von Altnicol's Hand in der Königlichen Bibliothek zu Berlin, und die nachbenannten Cantaten, aus denen Sätze in die Messe aufgenommen sind, im Original, ebendasselbst.

Mosewius, in seiner Schrift: «Seb. Bach's Kirchencantaten und Choralgesänge» (Berlin 1845), weist (Seite 12) die Cantatensätze nach, welche in dem *Gloria* dieser Messe verwendet sind. Wir führen seine Worte an: «Der erste Satz (des *Gloria*) ist aus einem Basssolo: „*Der Friede sei mit euch*“ mit Chor: „*Wohl mir, Jesus hilft mir kämpfen*“ der Pfingstcantate: „*Halt' im Gedächtniss Jesum Christ*“ in der Begleitung Note für Note entnommen; die Singstimmen sind theils in den Motiven umgearbeitet, theils mit neuen bereichert. Das sich zwischen dem Allegrosatze (ganzer Takt) wiederholende Adagio ($\frac{3}{4}$ Takt) „*Der Friede sei mit euch*“ (in der Messe das mit zwei Flöten begleitete „*et in terra pax*“ und „*Adoramus te*“) hat in der Cantate die dreistimmige Begleitung einer Flöte und zweier Oboen *d'amour*. Bewundernswerth ist die Umgestaltung des letzten Adagiosatzes aus dem einfachen Basssolo in das herrliche polyphonische „*gratias agimus tibi*“ mit unveränderter Beibehaltung des Instrumentalsatzes. Gleich grossartig und interessant ist das „*Qui tollis peccata mundi*“, Sopransolo mit zwei Flöten und dem Continuo (hier Violen). In der Cantate: „*Siehe zu*“ steht die Arie in A moll, von zwei Jagd-Oboen und dem Fundament begleitet. Hier ist sie in H moll, die Oboestimmen für die Flöten eine Octav höher gesetzt, das Fundament für die Bratschen desgleichen. Die in gebundener Schreibart begleitenden Stimmen wie die Grundstimme sind fast durchgängig beibehalten und nur in wenigen Takten finden sich geringe Abänderungen vor. Die Singstimme ist fast durchgängig umgearbeitet und in beiden Stücken gleich ausdrucksvoll. — — Die Alt-arie „*Quoniam*“ findet sich in der Cantate: „*Gott der Herr ist Sonn' und Schild*“ mit obligater Oboe in derselben Tonart, die Instrumentalstimme eine Octav höher als in der Messe, wo Violinen und Violen im Unisono begleiten.»

Diese Messe ist im Jahre 1818 bei N. Simrock in Bonn gedruckt erschienen, der Titel hat den Beisatz: «*dopo Partitura autographa*». Sie wurde von Pölchau nach der Altnicol'schen Handschrift herausgegeben, die vielleicht diesen Beisatz auf ihrem Titel gehabt hat. Von dem obengenannten Autograph ist nicht bekannt, dass es zur Herausgabe gedient hätte. Einer kleinen Differenz ist hier Erwähnung zu thun. In der Fuge *cum sancto Spiritu* beginnt im Führer das Thema jedesmal mit dem Herunterschlag des Quintintervalles *e—a*; beim ersten Eintritt dieses Themas im Sopran, bevor es weiter geführt wird, ist der Schritt von Bach's Hand abgeändert in eine aufsteigende Quart. Die höhere Note *e* war schon geschrieben und ist auf eine Bach's Correcturen eigenthümliche Art zu dem Achtelzeichen, in dieses eingeschwungen benutzt; die Abänderung ist zu deutlich, als dass man in Zweifel über die Meinung S. Bach's sein könnte. In diesem Satze kommen im Autograph öfter die Bezeichnungen *solo* und *tutti* vor, die aber von anderer Hand eingeschrieben scheinen, wie auch in dem polyphonischen Satze der Eintritt des *solo* und *tutti* nicht für alle Stimmen sich ausweisen will.

III. Messe in G moll. (Seite 101—154.)

Vorlagen: 1) eine Partiturabschrift von Altnicol's Hand aus der Sammlung von Pölchau: 2) eine andere Abschrift aus der Sammlung des Grafen von Voss. Beide Abschriften gehören jetzt der Königlichen Bibliothek zu Berlin. Da der Inhalt dieser Messe sich ganz in Cantaten wiederfindet, das Autograph der Messe aber fehlt, so waren die Autographen der betreffenden Cantaten hier von besonderer Wichtigkeit.

Durch die vorhandenen Originalstimmen dieser Cantaten konnte auch für die Vortragsbezeichnungen Manches festgestellt werden, was in den Originalpartituren Bach's sowie in den danach gefertigten Abschriften oft undeutlich und mangelhaft angezeigt ist. Bezifferungen sind fast immer nur der Orgelstimme zu entnehmen, da sie in der Partitur fehlen. Die bezifferte Orgelstimme, die Bezifferung selbst zum wenigsten, ist allezeit von S. Bach's Hand.

Die hier eingreifenden Cantaten sind folgende drei:

- 1) «*Herr, deine Augen sehen nach dem Glauben*». Vorlage: A. Originalpartitur. B. Von den Originalstimmen der Sopran und der bezifferte Continuo. C. Abschrift in Partitur und vollständige Stimmen von Hering (dessen Copien sich immer sehr zuverlässig erweisen).
- 2) Die Cantate: «*Alles nur nach Gottes Willen*». Vorlage: A. Originalpartitur. B. Originalstimmen. C. Abschrift der Partitur und der Stimmen von Hering.
- 3) Die Cantate: «*Es wartet Alles auf dich*». Vorlage: A. Originalpartitur. B. Originalstimmen nebst Doubletten von Hering.

Das *Kyrie* dieser Messe besteht mit geringen einzelnen Abänderungen der Melodie und der rhythmischen Theilung, wie sie durch die neuen Textworte herbeigeführt wurden, ganz in dem Einleitungsschor der Cantate: «*Herr, deine Augen sehen nach dem Glauben*». Bei diesem an sich vortrefflichen Satze kann wohl nicht geleugnet werden, dass Plan und Ausführung in den Worten der Cantate eine natürlichere Unterlage finden, als in denen des *Kyrie* und *Christe eleison*. Der Cantatentext dieses Chores heisst vollständig: «*Herr, deine Augen sehen nach dem Glauben. Du schlägest sie, aber sie fühlen's nicht; du plagest sie, aber sie bessern sich nicht; sie haben ein härter Angesicht denn ein Fels und wollen sich nicht bekehren.*» An den Stellen: «*Du schlägest sie*» und «*sie haben ein härter Angesicht denn ein Fels*», wo nach der Weise jener Zeit dort das Schlagen, hier der harte Fels in den melodischen Motiven ausgedrückt werden musste, ist der Ausdruck für die Worte *Christe eleison*, *Kyrie eleison* ein sehr ungünstiger geworden. Wie der deutsche Text zu drei verschiedenen Themen, der lateinische nur zu zwei, zu *Kyrie* und *Christe* Anlass giebt, so musste das dritte Motiv des Cantatentextes dem wiederholten *Kyrie* zufallen; man wird aber zugeben, dass dieser Ausdruck, der für den «harten Fels» sich recht charakteristisch annimmt, dem *Kyrie eleison* weniger zusagt. Dieser Chor enthält noch eine eigenthümliche Stelle, die für die Cantate wie für die Messe auffallend ist; für die Cantate aber in doppelter Weise, als musikalische überhaupt, und dann weil sie hier einen Wortsatz vorausnimmt, der später mit eigenem Motiv eingeführt wird. Es ist die Stelle Seite 105, Takt 6, bis Seite 106, Takt 5. Was den Bezug dieser Musik auf den deutschen Text anlangt, so wird darauf bei der Edition der Cantate zurückzukommen sein; die ganze Structur ist hier aber auch musikalisch allein betrachtet sehr befremdend, so dass die Stelle für corrupt gehalten werden möchte, wenn sie nicht ganz genau wie sie hier steht im Autograph der Cantate, wie in der zuverlässigen Copie der Messe sich fände. Auffallend ist nicht allein die chromatisch herabgehende Quintfolge zwischen Alt und Tenor vom 6^{ten} zum 7^{ten} Takt (Seite 105), die gänzliche Unvermitteltheit ist es noch mehr, mit welcher dieser 7^{te} Takt mit seiner Folge nach dem vorigen eintritt, ein Satz von 6 Takten, der später (Seite 113, Takt 7) Note für Note wiederkehrt, hier erst natürlich hervorgeht und an seinem Platze ist. Schon diese wörtliche Wiederholung eines Zwischensatzes kommt bei S. Bach sonst nicht vor, ebensowenig jene Art Quinten, mit denen der Satz an der ersten Stelle eintritt. Ohne Einsicht in die Originalpartitur würde man glauben können, es habe beim siebenten Achtel des 6^{ten} Taktes auf Seite 105 ein Abschnitt stattfinden, dann beim 5^{ten} auf Seite 106 fortgefahren werden sollen: die dazwischen stehenden 6 Takte seien durch Versehen des Abschreibers dahin gekommen, und dann nach beiden Seiten so gut es gehen wollte verbunden worden. Eingeschoben bleiben sie immer, wenn auch von S. Bach selbst.

Die Redaction ist zu Lob oder Tadel des Redigirten wohl eigentlich nicht befugt; sie hat nur für treue, kritisch gesichtete Herstellung der Werke nach dem vorhandenen Material zu sorgen; wenn sie aber in so vielen Fällen sich doch des Preisens und Hervorhebens von Schönheiten nicht hat enthalten können, so möge es ihr auch gestattet sein, über schwache Stellen sich zu äussern. Die hier berührte ist eine solche, die, wenn der Cantatentext sagt: «*Du schlägest sie, du plagest sie*», von den Enthusiasten vielleicht gerade als ein musikalisch sublimer Wortausdruck bewundert werden könnte; dann lassen wir die Cantate auf sich beruhen, halten uns an die Messe und fragen, wie dieser die Modulation und Stimmführung in's Gesicht «schlagende» Ausdruck dem *eleison* des *Kyrie* zukomme?— Die wahre Verehrung wird immer nur das Wahre im Verehrten ehren, wo dieses abweicht von der Wahrheit aber sagen dürfen: *Amicus Plato, sed magis amica veritas*.

Im *Gloria*, dessen erster Chor der Cantate: «*Alles nur nach Gottes Willen*» entnommen ist, hat S. Bach sechszehn Takte Vorspiel des aus A moll nach Gmoll transponirten Cantatenchores weggelassen, dagegen später einmal zwei Takte Zwischenspiel eingeschaltet. Das *Gratias* ist in der Cantate: «*Es wartet Alles auf dich*» eine Arie mit den Worten: «*Darum sollt ihr nicht sorgen*», aus dem Gmoll herauf nach Dmoll transponirt, beidemal für die Bassstimme. *Domine Fili* steht in derselben Cantate als Altarie: «*Du Herr, du krönst das Jahr*», in der Messe ebenfalls Arie für den Alt in derselben Tonart. «*Qui tollis peccata mundi*», in der Cantate die Sopranarie «*Gott versorgt*», ist in der Messe eine Tenorarie gleicher Tonart. *Cum sancto Spiritu* ist der Eingangschor der Cantate: «*Es wartet Alles auf dich*» mit Hinweglassung des 27 Takte langen Vorspiels zu diesem Cantatenchor. Der Chor ist für die Messe aber noch bedeutend umgearbeitet.

Die in den Hauptsätzen dieses *Gloria* dominirende Molltonart lässt das Gefühl nicht zu der freudigen Erhebung kommen, wie wir sie bei den Worten *Gloria in excelsis Deo* gern empfinden möchten und wie sie sonst immer in diesem Theile der Messen S. Bach's herrlich ausgedrückt ist. Dem *Kyrie* und dem *Agnus Dei*, den beiden Messsätzen, welche Bitte enthalten, die auf das Subject zurückgehen, kann die verschiedenste musikalische Färbung eine psychologisch wahre sein. *Gloria*, *Credo* und *Sanctus* wollen zum Object erhoben sein, durch die Molltonart wird dieses selbst niedergedrückt.

IV. Messe in G dur. (Seite 157—206.)

Auch zu dieser Messe, wie zu jener in A dur, lag das Autograph, im Besitze der Herren Breitkopf und Härtel, zur Redaction vor. Ausser diesem waren die Altnicol'sche Copie in der Königlichen Bibliothek zu Berlin und die Cantaten, aus denen Sätze zu dieser Messe genommen sind, in den Originalpartituren ebendasselbst, zum Vergleich geboten.

Mosewius, in der früher genannten Schrift, giebt auch über die Bestandtheile dieser Messe, soweit sie in den Cantaten sich wiederfinden, Nachricht. Er sagt (Seite 11): «Das *Kyrie* der G dur Messe findet sich als Einleitungschor in der Cantate: „*Siehe zu, dass deine Gottesfurcht nicht Heuchelei sei*“ mit einzelnen geringen, durch den veränderten Text bedingten Abänderungen vor. Das *Gloria* ist der Einleitungschor der Cantate: „*Gott der Herr ist Sonn' und Schild*“. Das im 14^{ten} Takte des *Gloria* dem Sopran und Alt zweimal zugetheilte Solo ist in der Cantate obligaten Hörnern gegeben; es bildet bis zu der in getragenen Tönen eintretenden Stelle der Singstimme: „*et in terra pax*“ mit dem in bewegtere Rhythmen gestellten Instrumentalsatze die Einleitung. Der Gesang tritt mit den oben die Cantate bezeichnenden Worten, wie im *Gloria*, nur in einer dem Texte entsprechenden kräftigern Versetzung ein. Die Bassarie „*gratias agimus*“ ist der vortrefflichen Cantate zum 15^{ten} Sonntage nach Trinitatis: „*Warum betrübst du dich, mein Herz*“ entnommen, wo sie sich mit den Worten „*Auf Gott steht meine Zuversicht*“ vorfindet. Wenn auch das *gratias* der melodischen Führung nirgends widerspricht, so lässt sich doch ein gewisser Zwang des Textes darin entdecken. — — Das Duett für Sopran und Alt „*Domine Deus*“ ist gleich dem

Gloria ebenfalls in der Cantate: „*Gott der Herr ist Sonn' und Schild*“ zu finden, wo es vom Sopran und Bass gesungen wird. Doch hat es hier bedeutende Abänderungen erfahren. Die Tenorarie mit der Solo-Oboe „*quoniam tu solus*“ steht in der Cantate, in welcher das *Kyrie* gefunden worden, mit dem Text: „*Falscher Heuchler Ebenbild*“, wo sie vom vollen Quartett begleitet ist.»

Auch diese Messe ist früher bei Simrock in Bonn im Druck erschienen; sie trägt die Nummer II, jene in A dur ist mit Nr. I bezeichnet. Bei der gegenwärtigen Ausgabe konnte durchaus der Originalpartitur gefolgt werden, die, wie jene in A dur, in sehr lesbarer, wenig corrigirter Schrift keine zweifelhaften Stellen darbot. Leider fehlte hier die Orgelstimme, so dass eine Bezifferung der Partitur nicht beizugeben war.

Über die Bezifferung der Bach'schen Orgelstimmen ist schon früher Einiges angemerkt worden (I, xiv. II, xiv. VII, xxi.): sie stimmt zuweilen nicht zu der in der Partitur ausgeführten Harmonie und bringt den Redacteur in die Verlegenheit, ob er die deutlich von S. Bach hingeschriebenen Zeichen abändern, oder das Ungehörige solle stehen lassen. Angesichts der Partitur wird entschieden Falsches immer leicht zu beseitigen sein; es ist aber nicht Alles, was auf den ersten Anblick hier widersprechend scheint, entschieden für Irrthum oder Schreibfehler zu erklären. S. Bach nimmt oft auf Vorhalte in der Partitur und auf durchgehende Harmonien bei der bezifferten Orgelstimme keine Rücksicht, andere Male geht aber die Bezifferung wieder in den kleinsten Harmoniewechsel ein und bezeichnet selbst durchgehende Noten; solche Eigenheiten sind treu wiederzugeben, wenn sie auch im Stich zuweilen auffallender erscheinen müssen als in der flüchtigen Handschrift. Offenbar Falsches ist vielfach getilgt worden.

Herrn Wilhelm Rust in Berlin, dem die Bachgesellschaft schon vielfach schätzbare Mitwirkung verdankt, ist auch bei dem vorliegenden Bande für geleistete Hülfe der allerverbindlichste Dank zu sagen. Die Messen F dur und G moll sind nach seinen Abschriften und den von ihm ertheilten Nachweisungen redigirt.

M. HAUPTMANN.

Mrssr.

Hdur.

Ky - ri - e e - lei - son, Ky - ri - e e - lei son, e - lei -
 lei - son, e - lei - son, Ky - ri - e e - lei - son, e - lei son, e -
 son, e - lei - son, Ky - ri - e e - lei - son, e - lei - son, e -
 e - lei -

son, e - lei - son, e - lei - son, e - lei - son, e - lei -
 lei - son, e - lei - son, e - lei - son, e - lei -
 lei - son, e - lei - son, e - lei - son, e - lei -
 son, e - lei - son, e - lei -

son, e lei - - - son.

son, e lei - - - son, e lei - - - son.

son, e lei - - - son, e lei - - - son.

son, e lei - - - son, e lei - - - son.

Christe, Christe e lei son, e lei - - son, Christe e lei - -

Christe, Christe e lei son, e lei - - son, Christe e lei son, e lei - - son,

Christe, Christe e lei son, e lei - - son, e - -

son, e - lei - son, Chri - ste, Chri - ste e lei - son, e lei -

Chri - ste, Chri - ste e lei - son, e lei - son, e lei - son, e lei -

lei - son, Chri - ste, Chri - ste e lei - son, e lei - son, e lei -

Chri - ste

son, e lei - son, Chri - ste e lei -

son, Chri - ste e lei - son, Chri - ste e lei -

son, e lei - son, Chri -

e lei - son,

son, e - lei-son, e - lei-son, Chri - ste e-lei -

son, e - lei-son, e - lei-son, Chri - ste e - lei -

ste e-lei - son, Chri - ste e-lei -

Chri - ste e-lei - son, Chri - ste e-

son, Chri - ste e-lei -

son, Chri - ste e-lei - son, Christe e -

son, Chri - ste e-lei - son, e -

lei - son, e - lei - son, Chri -

son, Chri - ste e - lei - son.

lei - son, Chri - ste e - lei - son.

lei - son, Chri - ste e - lei - son, e - lei - son.

ste e - lei - son.

Ky - ri - e e - lei - son, e - lei - son, e - lei - son, Ky - ri -

Ky - ri - e e - lei - son, e -

Ky - ri - e e - lei - son, e - lei - son, e - lei -

e e - - lei - son, e - - lei - - son, e lei - - son,
 lei - - son, e lei - - son, Ky - - ri - -
 son, e lei - - son, e lei - - son, e lei - -
 Ky - - ri - e e - - lei - -

Ky - - ri - e e - - lei - son, e - - lei - - son, e lei - -
 e e - - lei - son, e - - lei - - son, e lei - - son, e lei - -
 son, e lei - - son, Ky - ri - e e - - lei - son, e -
 son,

son, Ky - ri - e e - lei son, e - lei -

son, Ky - ri - e e - lei son, e - lei son, e - lei -

lei son, Ky - ri -

son, e - lei son, e - lei son, Ky - ri - e e - lei son, e -

son, e - lei son, Ky - ri - e e - lei son, e -

e e - lei son, e - lei son, e - lei son, e -

e - lei

- lei - son, Ky - ri - e e - lei - son, Ky - ri - e e -
 - lei - son, Ky - ri - e e - lei - son, e - lei -
 lei - son, Ky - ri - e e - lei - son, e - lei -
 son.

lei - son, e - lei - son, e - lei - son.
 son, Ky - ri - e e - lei - son, e - lei - son,
 son, e - lei - son, e - lei - son.
 son.

GLORIA.

Corno I.

Corno II.

Oboe I.

Oboe II.

Violino I.

Violino II.

Viola.

Soprano.

Alto.

Tenore.

Basso.

Continuo.

The first system of the musical score for 'GLORIA.' includes parts for Corno I., Corno II., Oboe I., Oboe II., Violino I., Violino II., Viola, Soprano, Alto, Tenore, Basso, and Continuo. The music is written in 8/8 time and features a variety of rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests.

The second system of the musical score continues the composition. It features the same instrumental and vocal parts as the first system, with the music progressing through various rhythmic and melodic lines. The Continuo part is particularly active, providing a steady bass line.

The first system of the musical score consists of ten staves. The top five staves are for the piano accompaniment, and the bottom five are for the vocal parts. The piano part features a complex texture with rapid sixteenth-note passages in the right hand and more rhythmic, eighth-note patterns in the left hand. The vocal parts are mostly silent in this system, with only a few notes visible in the lower staves.

The second system of the musical score continues from the first, covering measures 6 to 10. The piano accompaniment remains active with similar rhythmic patterns. The vocal parts enter in measure 6 with the lyrics "Glo - ri - a in ex - cel -". The lyrics are written below the vocal staves, with the vocal lines following the text. The system concludes with a final measure in measure 10.

Glo - ri - a in ex - cel - sis De - o, glo - ri - a

ri - a in ex - cel - sis De - o, glo - ri - a

glo-ri-a, glo-ri-a in ex-cel-sis De-o, glo-ri-a

in ex-cel-sis, glo-ri-a in ex-cel-sis De-o, glo-ri-a in ex-cel-sis De-o

Musical score for the first system, featuring piano accompaniment and vocal parts. The piano part consists of a grand staff with treble and bass clefs. The vocal parts include a soprano line, an alto line, and a bass line, all with Latin lyrics. The lyrics are: "ri - a in ex - cel - sis De - o, glo - ri - a in ex - cel - sis, in ex - cel - sis De - o, et in ter - ra glo - ri - a in ex - cel - sis, in ex - cel - sis De - o, et in glo - ri - a in ex - cel - sis, in ex - cel - sis De - o,".

Musical score for the second system, continuing the piano accompaniment and vocal parts. The piano part consists of a grand staff with treble and bass clefs. The vocal parts include a soprano line, an alto line, and a bass line, all with Latin lyrics. The lyrics are: "et in ter - ra pax ho - mi - ni - bus bo - nae vo - lun - ta - tis, vo - lun - pax ho - mi - ni - bus bo - nae vo - lun - ta - tis, in ter - ra, in ter - ra pax ho - mi - ni - bus ter - ra pax ho - mi - ni - bus bo - nae vo - lun - ta - tis, bo - nae vo - lun - ta - et in ter - ra pax ho - mi - ni - bus bo - nae vo - lun -".

ta - tis, pax ho - mi - ni - bus
 bo - nae vo - lun - ta - tis, bo - nae vo - lun - ta - tis, pax ho - mi -
 - - - - - tis, pax ho - mi - ni - bus bo - nae vo - lun - ta - tis, bo - nae vo - lun -
 ta - tis, bo - nae vo - lun - ta - tis, pax ho - mi - ni - bus bo - nae vo - lun - ta -

bo - nae vo - lun - ta -
 - - ni - bus bo - nae vo - lun - ta - tis, bo - nae vo - lun - ta - - - - - tis, bo - nae vo - lun -
 ta - tis, pax ho - mi - ni - bus bo - nae vo - lun - ta - - - - - tis, bo - nae vo - lun -
 - - - - - tis, et in ter - ra pax ho - mi - ni - bus bo - nae vo - lun -

- tis, et in ter - - - ra pax, pax,
 ta - tis, et in ter - - - ra pax, pax,
 ta - tis, et in ter - - - ra pax, pax,
 ta - tis, et in ter - - - ra pax,

pax, glo - - - ri - a in ex - cel - sis De - o,
 pax, glo - - - ri - a in ex - cel - sis De - o,
 pax, glo - - - ri - a in ex - cel - sis De - o,
 glo - - - ri - a, glo - ri - a in ex - cel - sis De - o,

et in ter - ra pax, in ter - ra pax, in ter - ra pax

et in ter - ra pax, in ter - ra pax ho - mi - ni - bus, in ter - ra pax

et in ter - ra pax, in ter - ra pax ho - mi - ni - bus, in ter - ra

et in ter - ra pax, in ter - ra pax ho - mi - ni - bus, in ter - ra

ho - mi - ni - bus bo - nae vo - lun - ta - tis, vo - lun - ta - tis, vo - lun - ta - tis

ho - mi - ni - bus bo - nae vo - lun - ta - tis, vo - lun - ta - tis, vo - lun - ta - tis

pax ho - mi - ni - bus bo - nae vo - lun - ta - tis, vo - lun - ta - tis, vo - lun - ta - tis

pax ho - mi - ni - bus bo - nae vo - lun - ta - tis, vo - lun - ta - tis, vo - lun - ta - tis

Musical score for the first system. The piano accompaniment consists of a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) with various rhythmic patterns. The vocal parts are arranged in four staves, each with lyrics in Latin. The lyrics are:

tis! Lau da - mus te, lau -
 tis! Lau da - mus te, lau -
 tis! Lau da -
 tis! Lau da -

Musical score for the second system. The piano accompaniment continues with similar rhythmic patterns. The vocal parts continue with the following lyrics:

da - mus te, be - ne - di - ci - mus te,
 da - mus te, be - ne - di - ci - mus te, lau da - mus
 - mus te, lau da - mus te, be - ne - di - ci - mus te, lau da - mus, lau da - mus
 - mus te, lau da - mus te, be - ne - di - ci - mus te, lau

be-ne-di-ci-mus te, lau-da-mus te, be-ne-di-ci-mus te.
te, be-ne-di-ci-mus te, be-ne-di-ci-mus te.
te, be-ne-di-ci-mus te, lau-da-mus te, be-ne-di-ci-mus te.
da-mus te, be-ne-di-ci-mus te, be-ne-di-ci-mus te.

A - do - ra - - mus te, glo - ri - fi -
 A - do - ra - - mus te, glo - ri - fi -
 A - do - ra - - mus te, glo - ri - fi - ca - - - - mus

ra - - mus te, glo - ri - fi - ca - - - mus te, a - do - ra - - - - mus te, glo -
 ca - - - mus te, a - do - ra - - - - mus te, a - do - ra - - - - mus te, glo -
 te, glo - ri - fi - ca - - - mus te, glo - ri - fi - ca - mus te, a - do - ra - - - - mus te, glo -
 te, a - do - ra - mus, glo - ri - fi - ca - - - - mus te, a - do - ra - mus te, glo -

ri - fi - ca - mus te, a - do - ra - mus te, glo - ri - fi - ca -
 ri - fi - ca - mus te, a - do - ra - mus te, glo - ri - fi - ca -
 ri - fi - ca - mus te, a - do - ra - mus te, glo - ri - fi - ca -
 ri - fi - ca - mus te, a - do - ra - mus te, glo - ri - fi - ca -

- mus te.
 - mus te.
 - mus te, glo - ri - fi - ca - mus te.
 ri - fi - ca - mus te, glo - ri - fi - ca - mus te.

Gra - ti-as, gra - ti-as a - gi-mus ti - bi,
 Gra - ti-as, gra - ti-as a - gi-mus,
 Gra - ti-as, gra - ti-as a - gi-mus, gra - ti-as a - gi-mus,

gra - ti-as a - gi-mus ti - bi pro-pter
 gi-mus ti - bi, gra - ti-as a - gi-mus ti - bi pro-pter
 gi-mus ti - bi, gra - ti-as a - gi-mus, gra - ti-as a - gi-mus ti - bi pro-pter
 ti - as a - gi-mus ti - bi, gra - ti-as a - gi-mus ti - bi pro-pter

ma - - - - - gnam glo - - ri - am tu - am,

ma - - - - - gnam glo - ri - am tu - - - am, propter ma - - - - -

ma - gnam glo - - - - - ri - am tu - am, propter

ma - - - - - - gnam glo - - - - - ri - am tu - am,

propter ma - - - - - gnam glo - ri - am, ma - - - - - gnam glo - ri - am,

- gnam glo - - - - - ri - am tu - am, pro-pter ma - - - - - gnam glo - ri - am tu - am, pro - - - pter

ma - - - - - gnam glo - ri - am tu - am, propter ma - - - - - gnam glo - - - - -

propter ma - - - - - gnam glo - ri - am, ma - - - - -

ma - gnam glo - ri - am tu - am, propter ma - gnam glo - ri - am tu - am, propter magnam glo - ri - am tu - am, propter ma - gnam

ri - am tu - am, propter ma - gnam glo - ri - am tu - am, propter ma - gnam glo - ri - am tu - am, propter ma - gnam glo - ri - am tu - am, propter ma - gnam

[illegible][illegible]

a - gi - mus ti - bi, gra - ti - as a - gi - mus pro - pter ma - gnam
 a - gi - mus ti - bi, gra - ti - as a - gi - mus ti - bi pro - pter ma - gnam
 a - gi - mus ti - bi, gra - ti - as a - gi - mus ti - bi pro - pter ma - gnam
 gra - ti - as a - gi - mus ti - bi pro - pter ma - gnam

glo - ri - am tu - am, pro - pter ma - gnam glo - ri - am tu - am.
 glo - ri - am tu - am, pro - pter ma - gnam glo - ri - am tu - am, glo - ri - am tu - am.
 glo - ri - am tu - am, pro - pter ma - gnam glo - ri - am tu - am, pro - pter ma - gnam glo - ri - am tu - am.
 glo - ri - am tu - am, pro - pter ma - gnam glo - ri - am, glo - ri - am tu - am.

Violino I.

Violino II.

Viola.

Basso.

Continuo.

Do-mi-ne

De - us, rex coe - le - stis, De - us Pa - ter o - mni - po - tens, Domine De - us,

rex coe - le - stis, Domine De - us, rex coe - le - stis, De -

us Pa - ter, De - us Pa - ter omni - po - tens,

Do-mi-ne De-us, rex coe-lestis, De-us Pa-ter o-mni-po-tens, rex coe-

le-stis, De-us Pa-ter,

Do-mi-ne De-us, rex coe-lestis, De-us



Pa-ter o-mni-po-tens!

This system contains the first system of a musical score. It features a vocal line with the lyrics "Pa-ter o-mni-po-tens!" and a piano accompaniment. The piano part includes a treble and bass staff with various musical notations, including eighth and sixteenth notes, rests, and dynamic markings.



This system contains the second system of the musical score. It continues the vocal line and the piano accompaniment from the first system. The piano part includes a treble and bass staff with various musical notations, including eighth and sixteenth notes, rests, and dynamic markings.



This system contains the third system of the musical score. It continues the vocal line and the piano accompaniment from the previous systems. The piano part includes a treble and bass staff with various musical notations, including eighth and sixteenth notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

Do-mi-ne Fi-li u-ni-genite Je-su Chri-ste, Je-su

Christe, Do-mi-ne Fi-li u-ni-ge-ni-te Je-su Chri-

ste!



Do - - - mi - ne De - us, a - gnus De - - i,



a - - gnus De - i, Fi - li - us Pa - tris, Do - - - mi - ne De - us, a -



- - - gnus De - i, a - - gnus De - - i, Fi - li - us Pa - - tris,

Fi-li-us Pa-tris!

Adagio.

Oboe Solo.

Violino I.

Violino II.

Viola.

Soprano.

Continuo.

Qui tol - - - lis pec - ca - - - ta

mun - di, qui tol - - lis pecca - ta, pecca - ta mundi, mi - se - re - - re,

mi - - se - re - re no - bis, mi - se - re - re, mi - - - se - re - -

- re, mi - se - re - - - re, mi - se - re - - re no - bis, mi - se -

re - re no - - bis!



Qui tol - lis pec-ca - ta mundi, qui tol - lis pec - ca -



- ta, pec-ca - ta mun-di, su - scipe de - pre - ca - ti - o - nem, de - pre -



ca - ti - o - - - nem, su - - - sci-pe de - pre - ca - ti o - - - nem nostram, de - pre -



ca - ti - o - - - - - nem, de - pre - ca - ti o - nem no - stram!





Qui se - - - des ad dex - - - te - ram Pa - tris, qui



se - - - des ad dex - teram Pa - tris, mi - se - re - re no - bis, mi - se - re - re



no - bis, mi - - - se - re - re no - - - bis, mi - - - se -



re - - - re, mi - - - se - re - re no - - - bis!



Vivace.

Violino Solo.

Alto.

Continuo.

Quo - ni - am tu so - lus, tu so - lus san - ctus, tu so - lus sanctus, quo - ni - am tu

so - lus, tu so - lus san - ctus, tu so - lus Do - minus, tu so - lus, tu so - - lus



sanctus, tu so-lus san - - ctus, tu so-lus Do-minus, tu so-lus Do-mi-nus, tu so-lus



sanctus, tu so-lus, tu so - - lus san - ctus, tu so - lus san -



- ctus, tu so-lus Do-mi - nus;




tu so - lus al - tis-si-mus Je - su Chri - ste, tu so-lus al -



First system of the musical score. It consists of three staves: a treble staff, a middle staff (likely alto or tenor), and a bass staff. The music is in a key with one flat (B-flat) and a 4/4 time signature. The lyrics are: tis - si - mus Je - su Chri - ste, tu so - lus al - tis - - - - - si - mus, tu so - lus al -



Second system of the musical score. It consists of three staves. The lyrics are: tis - - - - - si - mus Je - su Chri - ste, Je - su Chri - ste,



Third system of the musical score. It consists of three staves. The lyrics are: tu so - - - - - lus al - tis - - - - - si - mus Je - su Chri - ste,



Fourth system of the musical score. It consists of three staves. The lyrics are: tu so - - - - - lus - - - - - san - - - - -



Fifth system of the musical score. It consists of three staves. The lyrics are: - - - - - ctus, tu so - lus Do - - - - - mi - nus, tu so - - - - -



First system of the musical score. It consists of three staves: a treble staff, a middle staff with a C-clef, and a bass staff. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The lyrics are: - - - lus al - tis - si - mus Je - - - su Chri - ste, tu so - - lus



Second system of the musical score. It consists of three staves: a treble staff, a middle staff with a C-clef, and a bass staff. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The lyrics are: sanctus, tu so - - lus Do - - mi - nus, tu so - lus al - tis - si - mus Je - - - su



Third system of the musical score. It consists of three staves: a treble staff, a middle staff with a C-clef, and a bass staff. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The lyrics are: Christe, Je - - - su Chri - ste, tu so - lus san - - - etus, tu so - -



Fourth system of the musical score. It consists of three staves: a treble staff, a middle staff with a C-clef, and a bass staff. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The lyrics are: - - - lus Do - - - mi - nus, tu so - - - lus al - tis - - - si - mus Je - - su



Fifth system of the musical score. It consists of three staves: a treble staff, a middle staff with a C-clef, and a bass staff. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The lyrics are: Chri - - - - ste, tu so - lus san - etus, tu so - lus Do - mi -



mus, tu so - lus al - tis - si - mus Je - - - - - su Chri - -



- - ste, tu so - lus san - ctus, tu so - lus al - tis - si - mus Je - su Chri - ste, Je - su Chri -



ste.




Presto.

Corno I.
 Corno II.
 Oboe I.
 Oboe II.
 Violino I.
 Violino II.
 Viola.
 Soprano.
 Alto.
 Tenore.
 Basso.
 Continuo.

Cum san - - - eto

Spi - ri - tu, eum san - - - eto Spi - ri - tu, eum san - eto Spi - ri - tu, eum san - - - eto
 Cum san - - - eto Spi - ri - tu, eum san - - - eto, sau - - - eto

Spi - ri - tu, eum san - eto Spi - ri - tu,

Cum san - eto Spi - ri - tu, eum san - eto Spi - ri -

Spi - ri - tu in glo - ria De - i Patris, A -

Spi - ri - tu, eum san - eto Spi - ri - tu, eum san - eto Spi - ri -

cum san - eto Spi - ri - tu, eum san - eto Spi - ri - tu in glo - ria De - i

tu in glo - ria De - i Patris, A - men, in

men, eum san - eto

tu, eum san - eto Spi - ri - tu in glo - ria De - i Patris,

Patris, A - men, eum san -

glo-ri-a Dei Pa-tris, A - men, eum san - - - - - eto Spi - - ri - tu, eum -

Spi - - ri - tu in glo - - ri-a De-i Patris, eum san - - - - - eto Spi - - ri -

A - men, eum san - - - - - eto

- eto Spi - - ri - tu, eum san - - - - - eto Spi - - ri - tu, eum san - eto

san - - - - - eto Spi - - ri - tu, eum san - - - - - eto Spi - - ri -

tu, eum san - - - - - eto Spi - - ri - tu, eum san - - eto Spi - -

Spi - - ri - tu, eum san - - - - - eto Spi - ri - tu in glo - ri - a De-i Patris,

Spi - ri - tu in glo - ria De - i Patris, A - men, eum

tu, eum san - - - - - eto Spi - ri - tu, eum san - - - - - eto Spi - ri -

- - ri - tu in glo - ria De - i Patris, A -

A - - - men, in glo - ria De - i Patris, A -

san - - - eto Spi - ri - tu, eum san - - - eto Spi - ri - tu in glo - ria De - i Patris,

tu in glo - ria De - i Patris, A - men, in glo - ria De - i Patris,

men, in glo - ria De - i Patris, A - men, A -

- men, eum san - - - eto

A - - - men, A - - - men.
 A - - - men, Amen, A - - - men.
 men, in glo - - - ri - a De - i Pa - - tris, Amen, A - - - men.
 Spi - ritu in glo - - - ria De - i Patris, A - - - men.

Cum san - - - cto Spi - ri - tu in glo - ria De - i Pa - tris, Amen,
 Cum san - - - cto Spi - ri - tu in glo - ria De - i Pa - tris, Amen, in glo - ria
 Cum san - - - cto Spi - ri - tu in glo - ria De - i Pa - tris, Amen, in glo - ria
 Cum san - - - cto Spi - ri - tu, Amen, A - - - men, in glo - ria

Amen, A - men, in glo - ria De - i Pa - tris, Amen, Amen, A - men, cum san -

De - i Pa - tris, Amen, in glo - ria De - i Pa - tris, Amen, in glo - ria De - i Pa - tris, A - men, eum -

De - i Pa - tris, Amen, in glo - ria De - i Pa - tris, Amen, in glo - ria De - i Pa - tris, A - men,

De - i Pa - tris, Amen, Amen, A - men, in glo - ria De - i Pa - tris, A - men,

- eto Spi - ri - tu, cum san - - eto Spi - ri - tu, cum san -

san - - eto Spi - ri - tu, cum san - - eto Spi - ri - tu,

cum san - - eto Spi - ri - tu, cum san - - eto

cum san - - eto Spi - ri - tu, cum san - - eto Spi - ri -

eto Spi-ri-tu in glo-ria De-i Pa-tris, A-

eum san-cto Spi-ri-tu in glo-ria De-i Pa-tris, A-

Spi-ri-tu, eum san-cto Spi-ri-tu in glo-ria De-i Pa-tris, A-

tu in glo-ria De-i Pa-tris, A-men, in glo-ria De-i Pa-tris, A-

men.

men.

-men, in glo-ria De-i Pa-tris, A-men, A-men.

-men, in glo-ria De-i Pa-tris, A-men, A-men.

Mr s s r.

A d u r.

KYRIE.

53

Flauto traverso I. *forte* *piano* *forte* *piano* *forte*

Flauto traverso II. *forte* *piano* *forte* *piano* *forte*

Violino I. *forte*

Violino II. *forte*

Viola. *forte* *piano* *forte* *piano* *forte*

Soprano.

Alto.

Tenore.

Basso.

Continuo. *forte*

7 5 6 5 7 5 5 3 7 5 6 5 7 5

Musical score for "Kyrie eleison" by Franz Schubert, Op. 91, No. 1. The score is for a full orchestra and voices. It features a complex arrangement with multiple staves for woodwinds, brass, strings, and voices. The key signature is D major (two sharps) and the time signature is 4/4. The score includes dynamic markings such as "piano" and "p". The lyrics "Kyrie eleison" are written below the vocal staves. The score is presented in a single system with four measures.

forte *piano* *forte* *piano* *forte* *forte* *forte*

lei - son, ky - ri - e e - lei - son, Ky - ri -

lei - son, ky - ri - e e - lei - son, Ky - ri -

lei - son, ky - ri - e e - lei - son, Ky - ri -

lei - son, ky - ri - e e - lei - son, Ky - ri -

6 3 6 3 6 6 7 6 - 9 6 2 6 3 2 2

This musical score is for a Kyrie eleison, likely from a liturgical setting. It is written in G major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. The score includes vocal parts (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) and piano accompaniment. The lyrics are "Kyrie eleison". The score is divided into measures, with the lyrics "son, e lei son, e lei son." appearing in the vocal parts. The piano accompaniment features a prominent melody in the right hand and a supporting bass line in the left hand. The score is presented in a single system with multiple staves.

A musical score for the song "The Rose Tree". The score is written for a vocal part and a piano accompaniment. The vocal part is in the upper staves, and the piano accompaniment is in the lower staves. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 2/4. The score consists of five measures. The first measure is marked "piano" and the second measure is marked "forte". The third measure is marked "piano" and the fourth measure is marked "forte". The fifth measure is marked "piano". The piano accompaniment features a melody in the right hand and a bass line in the left hand. The melody is composed of eighth and sixteenth notes, and the bass line is composed of quarter and eighth notes. The score is written in a standard musical notation style with a treble clef for the vocal part and a bass clef for the piano accompaniment. The notes are written in black ink on a white background. The staves are numbered 1 through 5. The first staff is the vocal part, and the second staff is the piano accompaniment. The third staff is the piano accompaniment, and the fourth staff is the piano accompaniment. The fifth staff is the piano accompaniment. The score is written in a standard musical notation style with a treble clef for the vocal part and a bass clef for the piano accompaniment. The notes are written in black ink on a white background. The staves are numbered 1 through 5. The first staff is the vocal part, and the second staff is the piano accompaniment. The third staff is the piano accompaniment, and the fourth staff is the piano accompaniment. The fifth staff is the piano accompaniment.

First system of musical notation, measures 1-5. The score is written for a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) and includes a piano part (left hand) and a vocal part (right hand). The key signature is one sharp (F#). The piano part features a complex, flowing melody with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The vocal part consists of a single melodic line with some rests. The system ends with a double bar line.

Second system of musical notation, measures 6-10. The score continues from the first system. The piano part continues with its complex melody. The vocal part includes the lyrics "Ky-ri-e e-lei-son," repeated five times. The system is divided into two measures by a double bar line. The piano part has dynamic markings: *piano* in measure 7 and *forte* in measure 8. The vocal part also has dynamic markings: *forte* in measure 8. The system ends with a double bar line.

Musical score for the first system, measures 1-4. The piano accompaniment consists of two staves. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). The second staff has a bass clef and the same key signature. Dynamics are marked *piano* and *forte*. The vocal parts are arranged in four staves, each with a different clef (soprano, alto, tenor, and bass). The lyrics are "Ky - ri - e e - lei - son,". The first measure is marked *piano*, and the second measure is marked *forte*. The third and fourth measures are marked *piano*.

Musical score for the second system, measures 5-8. The piano accompaniment continues with the same two-staff structure. Dynamics are marked *forte* and *piano*. The vocal parts continue with the lyrics "e - lei - son, Ky - ri - e e - lei - son, Ky - ri - e e - lei - son,". The first measure of this system is marked *forte*, and the second measure is marked *piano*. The third and fourth measures are marked *forte*.

son, e lei son, e lei

son, e lei son, e lei

son, Ky - ri e e lei son, e lei

son, Ky - ri e e lei son, Ky - ri e e lei son, e lei

3 7 6 7 6 2 3 2 6 6 7 6 5 7 7 6 5

son, Ky - ri e e lei

son, Ky - ri e e lei

son, Ky - ri e e lei son, e lei

son, Ky - ri e e lei son, e lei

6 7 6 7

Musical score for "Kyrie eleison" by Giuseppe Verdi. The score is in G major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. It features vocal soloists (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) and a large choir section. The lyrics are "Kyrie eleison". The score includes various musical notations such as trills, fermatas, and dynamic markings like "piano". The bottom of the page shows the number of measures for each part: Soprano (6), Alto (7), Tenor (6), Bass (7), and Choir (6).

Lento.

piano

piano

piano

piano

Chri - ste e - lei - son, e - lei - son, Chri - ste, Chri - ste e - lei - son, (Chri - ste e -

piano

Chri - ste e - lei - son, e - lei - son, e - leison, Chri - ste, Chri - ste e -
 son, e - leison, Chri - ste, Chri - ste e - lei - son, Chri - ste e - lei - son, e - lei - son,
 lei - son, e - lei - son, Chri - ste e - lei - son, e - lei - son, e - lei - son,

7^h
5

6
4
2

7^h
5

6
4
2

leison, e - lei - son, e - leison, Chri - ste, Chri - ste e - lei - son, Chri - ste e - lei - son,
 lei - son, Chri - ste e - lei - son, e - lei - son, Chri - ste e - leison, lei -
 Chri - ste e - leison, e - lei - son, e - lei - son, son, Chri - ste,
 son, Chri - ste, Chri - ste e - leison, Chri - ste e - lei - son, e - lei - son,

7^h
5

6
4
2

7^h
5

6
4
2

7^h
5

6
4
2

7^h
5

6
4
2

7^h
5

6
4
2

e-lei - - son, Chri-ste e-lei-son, e-lei - - son,
 son, e-lei - - son, Chri-ste e-lei-son,
 Chri-ste e-lei-son, Chri-ste e-lei-son,
 e-lei - - son, Chri-ste e-lei-son.

3 6 7 7 9 11 7 5 4 3

ky-ri e-lei-son, e-lei-son,
 ky-ri e-lei-son, e-lei-son.

6 6 7 4 6 5 7 6 6

[illegible][illegible]

son, e lei - son, e lei - son, Ky - ri e e lei - son, Chri - ste e lei - son, Ky - ri e e lei - son, Ky - ri e e lei - son, son, e lei - son, e lei - son,

son, Ky - ri e e - lei - son, e lei - son, e lei -

lei - son, e lei - son, e lei - son, e lei -

lei - son, e lei - son, e lei - son, e lei -

Ky - ri e e - lei - son, e lei -

7 7 6 4 5 6 3 5 6 7 6 4 3

Adagio.

son, Ky - ri e e - lei - son, e lei - son.

son, Ky - ri e e - lei - son, e lei - son.

son, Ky - ri e e - lei - son, e lei - son.

son, e lei - son, e lei - son, e lei - son.

7 7 6 7 6 5 7 5 4 3 5 4 3 2 3 6 7

R. W. VIII.

GLORIA.

65

Vivace.

Flauto traverso I.

Flauto traverso II.

Violino I.

Violino II.

Viola.

Soprano.

Alto.

Tenore.

Basso.

Continuo.

6 5 — 6 6 5 — 6

6 5 — 6 6 5 — 6 6 5 — 6

ria in ex-cel-sis, in ex-cel-sis De-o!

ria in ex-cel-sis, in ex-cel-sis De-o!

ria in ex-cel-sis, in ex-cel-sis De-o!

ria in ex-cel-sis, in ex-cel-sis De-o!

5 7 7 6 5 6 4

Adagio.

Et in ter-ra, in ter-ra pax, pax

6 7 7 6 5 6 5

ho-mi-ni-bus bo-nae vo-lun-ta-tis, pax ho-mi-ni-bus bo-nae

9 4 2 6 7 6 5 4/2

vo-lun-ta-tis! Lau-da-mus

Lau-da-mus

Lau-da-mus

Lau-da-mus

Lau-da-mus

6 6 5 8 — 7 9 8 3 8 — 7 9 8 3 8 7

Vivace.

te, lau.damus te, be.ne.di.ci.mus, lau da -

te, lau.damus te, be.ne di.ci.mus, lau da - - -

te, lau da - - mus te, be.ne.di.ci.mus, lau -

te, lau.damus te, be.ne -

6 5 - 6 6 5 - 6 6

- mus, be.ne.di.ci.mus, lau da - mus, lau da - mus, bene.

- mus te, lau da - mus, lau da - mus, bene.

da - mus, lau da - mus, lau da - mus, bene.

di.ci.mus, lau da - mus, lau da - mus, lau da -

6 5 - 6 6 5 - 6 6 5 - 6 6

di-ci-mus, lau-da-mus te, be-ne

di-ci-mus, lau-da-mus te, be-ne

di-ci-mus, lau-da-mus te, be-ne

mus te, lau-da-mus te, lau-da-mus te, bene-di

6 5 6 9 7 3 7 6 4 5 8

Adagio.

di-ci-mus te,

di-ci-mus te,

di-ci-mus te,

ci-mus te, a-do-ra-mus te,

5 6 6 6 7 7 6 5 8

a - do - ra - mus, a - do - ra - mus, te, a - do - ra - mus,

6 5 9 8 4 6 7 5 4 2

a - do - ra - mus te, a - do - ra - mus, a - do - ra - mus

6 4 5 7 9 8 4 5 7 6 4 5 2

Vivace.

Vivace.

glo - ri - fi - ca - mus te, glo - ri - fi - ca -

glo - ri - fi - ca - mus te, glo - ri - fi - ca -

glo - ri - fi - ca -

te, glo - ri - fi - ca -

6 5 6 6 6 6

mus te, glo - ri - fi - ca -

ca - mus te, glo - ri - fi - ca -

- mus te, glo - ri - fi - ca -

- mus te, glo - ri - fi -

[illegible][illegible]

Adagio.

73

di - ci - mus te,
 ne - di - ci - mus te,
 ne - di - ci - mus te,
 a - do - ra - mus te,
 te, benedi - ci - mus te,

a - do - ra - mus,
 a - do - ra - mus te,
 a - do - ra - mus,

[illegible][illegible]

te, glo - ri - fi - ca -

ca -

mus, glo - ri - fi - ca -

mus, glo - ri - fi - ca -

ca

4 5 6 6 6

mus te, lau - da - mus, bene - di - ci - mus, a - do -

mus, glo - ri - fi - ca -

mus te, lau - da - mus, bene - di - ci - mus, a - do -

mus, glo - ri - fi - ca -

mus te, lau - da - mus, bene - di - ci - mus, a - do -

mus te, lau - da - mus, bene - di - ci - mus, a - do -

6 6 6 6 6 4 3

ra - - - mus te, glo - ri - fi - ca - mus te.

ra - - - mus te, glo - ri - fi - ca - mus te.

ra - - - mus te, glo - ri - fi - ca - mus te.

ra - - - mus te, glo - ri - fi - ca - mus te.

Adagio.

Gra - ti - as a - gi - mus ti - bi, gra - ti - as.

Gra - ti - as a - gi - mus ti - bi, gra - ti - as,

Gra - ti - as a - gi - mus ti - bi, gra - ti - as, gra -

Gra - ti - as a - gi - mus ti - bi, gra - ti - as, gra - ti - as

as, gra-ti-as a-gi-mus ti-bi pro-pter ma-gnam glo-ri-am tu-

gra-ti-as a-gi-mus ti-bi pro-pter, pro-pter ma-gnam glo-ri-am tu-

-ti-as a-gi-mus ti-bi pro-pter ma-gnam, pro-pter magnam glo-ri-am tu-

a-gi-mus ti-bi pro-pter ma-gnam glo-ri-am tu-

9 4 2 5 7 4 3 6 6 4 3

am, pro-pter ma-gnam glo-ri-am tu-am.

am, pro-pter ma-gnam glo-ri-am, glo-ri-am tu-am.

am, pro-pter ma-gnam glo-ri-am tu-am.

am, pro-pter ma-gnam glo-ri-am tu-am.

6 7 4 3 6 7 6 6 5 6 5 4 3

Andante.

Violino Solo.

Basso.

Continuo.

piano

Domine, *piano*

Domine Deus, rex coelestis, Deus Pater omnipotens, Do-mi-ne

De-us, Domine Deus, rex coelestis, De-us Pa-ter o-

forte

mi-po-tens! *forte*

Do - mine De - us, rex coe - lestis, De - - - us

Pa - ter omni - tens, Do - mi - ne De - us, Domine De - us, rex coe -

lestis, De - - - us Pa - - - ter o - mni - po - tens, Pa - - - ter, De - us

Pa - ter omni - po - tens! Do - - mine Fi - li

u - ni - ge - ni - te Je - su Chri - ste, Je - su Chri - ste,

Domine Fi - li u - ni - ge - ni - te, Fi - li u - ni - ge - ni - te Je - su, Je - su Chri -

forte *stet forte* Do - mi - ne *piano*

piano Fi - li u - ni - ge - ni - te Je - su Chri - ste,

Je - su Chri - ste, Domine Fi - li u - ni - ge - ni - te, Fi - li u - ni - ge - ni - te



Je - - su, Je - su Chri - ste, Je - su, Je - su Chri - ste! Do -

forte

6 5 7 6 7 5 7 6 5 4 3 2 6 5 4 3 2 6 5



- mi - ne De - us, agnus De - i, Fi - lius Pa -

6 5 7 6 5 4 3 2 6 5 4 3 2 6 5



- tris, Do - mine De - us, agnus De - i, agnus De - i, Fi - lius Pa - tris, Do - mi - ne

piano

6 5 4 3 2 6 5 4 3 2 6 5 4 3 2 6 5



De - us, Do - mine De - us, agnus Dei, a - - gnus De - i,

7 6 5 4 3 2 6 5 4 3 2 6 5 4 3 2 6 5



Fi - lius Pa - tris! *forte*

forte

6 5 4 3 2 6 5 4 3 2 6 5 4 3 2 6 5

Musical score for a vocal and piano piece, featuring Latin lyrics and figured bass notation. The score is written in G major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. It consists of five systems of staves, each with a vocal line (treble clef) and a piano accompaniment line (bass clef). The lyrics are in Latin, and the piano part includes figured bass notation (numbers 1-7) and dynamic markings.

System 1: *piano* Do - mine De - us, agnus De - i, a - -
 System 2: - gnus Dei, Fi - lius Pa - tris, Do - mi - ne De - us, a - - gnus
 System 3: De - i, Filius Patris, a - - - gnus De - i, Fi - lius Pa - tris, a - - gnus,
 System 4: a - gnus De - i, Fi - lius Pa - tris! *forte*
 System 5: (Final system, no lyrics)

Figured bass notation (numbers 1-7) is present in the piano part of each system, indicating the harmonic structure for the left hand.

Flauto traverso I.

Flauto traverso II.

Soprano.

Violini e Viola
all' unisono.

Qui tollis pec.

ca-ta, qui tol-lis pec-ca-ta, peccata mundi, mi-se-re-re, mi-se-

re-re, mi-se-re-re. no-bis, qui tol-lis pec-ca-ta, peccata mun-di, mi-se-



re - re, mise - re - re, mi - se - re - - - - - re no - -



bis! Qui tol-lis pec-ca - - ta,



pec-ca - ta mun - - di, qui tol-lis pec-ca - - ta, pec-ca - ta mun - di, qui tol-lis pec-



ca-ta, pec-ca - - ta mundi, su - sci-pe de - pre-ca - ti - onem no - stram,



de - pre - ca - ti - o - - - nem no - stram,



su - sci - pe depreca - ti - o - nem nostram, su - sci - pe depreca - ti - o - nem



nostram, su - sci - pe depreca - ti - o - - - - - nem no - stram, su - sci - pe



depreca - ti - o - - - nem, depreca - ti - onem no - stram!



Qui se - - - des, qui sedes ad dextram, ad dextram Patris,



mi - se - re - re, mi - se - re - re, mi - se - re - re no-bis, qui se - - -



- des ad dextram Pa-tris, mi - se - re - re, mi - se - re - - -



- re no - bis!

Violini e Viola
all' unisono.

Alto.

Continuo.

Quo - ni - am tu so - lus san - ctus,

piano

quo - ni - am tu so - lus sanctus, tu solus san - ctus, tu so - lus Do - mi - nus, tu solus san - ctus,

tu so - lus Do - mi - nus, tu so - - - lus al - tis - si - mus, so -

lus al - tis - si - mus; *forte*

piano

quoniam tu so - - - lus san - ctus Je - su Chri - ste,

forte

tu so - lus Do - mi - nus Je - su Chri - ste, tu so - lus al - tis - si - mus Je - su Chri - ste,

piano

tu so - - - lus san - ctus, tu so - - - lus

Do - mi - nus, tu so - - - lus al - tis - si - mus Je - su Chri - ste, Je - su Chri - ste, quoniam tu so -

lus sanctus, tu san - etus, tu so - lus, forte

6 5 6 5 6 4 2 6 5 6 6 6 6 4 2

quo - niam tu so - lus san - etus, quo - ni - am tu

6 6 6 4 2 6 6 6 6 5 6

so - lus sanctus, tu so - lus san - etus, tu so - lus Do - mi - nus, tu so - lus al - tis - si - mus Je - su Chri - ste, tu

7 5 4 6 4 2 6 6 5 7 6 6 5 6 - 5 5 6

so - lus al - tis - si - mus Je - su, Je - su Chri - ste, Je - su Chri - ste. forte

5 6 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 5 6 4 5

6 4 5 6 6 6 6 4 2 5 6 6 6 4 2 5 6

Grave.

Flauto traverso I.

Flauto traverso II.

Violino I.

Violino II.

Viola.

Soprano.

Alto.

Tenore.

Basso.

Continuo.

Cum san - - - - - eto Spi - - ri -

Cum san - - - - - eto Spi - - ri -

Cum san - - - - - eto Spi - - ri -

Cum san - - - - - eto Spi - - ri -

5 4 6 7 7 7 5 6 4 6 7 8

Vivace.

tu in glo - ri - a De - i Pa - tris, A - - - - - men,

tu

tu

tu

4 6 6 7 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 3

in glo - ri - a De - i Pa - tris, A -

in glo - ri - a De - i Pa - tris, A -

in glo - ri - a

6 7 6 6 5 6 7 4

men, in glo - ri - a De - i Pa - tris, A -

men, in glo - ri - a De - i Pa - tris,

De - i Pa - tris, A - men, in glo - ri -

in glo - ri - a De - i Pa - tris, A - men, in glo - ri - a

6 6 6 7 4 6 6 7 5 6 6 6 4 3 6 5 5

men, in glo - ri - a De - i Pa - tris, A -

ri - a De - i Pa - tris, A - men, A -

glo - ri - a De - i Pa - tris, A - men, A -

in glo - ri - a De - i Pa - tris, A - men, A -

6 5 6 6 7 4/2 6 6 7 6 6 7 4/2 7 6 6 6 7 6 2

men, in glo - ri - a De - i Pa - tris, A - men,

men, in glo - ri - a De - i Pa - tris, A - men,

A - men, in glo - ri - a De - i Pa - tris, A - men,

men, A - men, in glo - ri - a De - i Pa - tris, A - men,

6 5 6 6 5 4 3 2 6 6 4 3 6 5 6 5

in glo - ri - a

men, in glo-ri-a De-i Pa-tris, A - men, in

A - men, in glo-ri-a De-i Pa-tris, A - men, in

A - men, in glo-ri-a De-i Pa-tris, A - men, in

De-i Pa-tris, A - men, in glo-ri-a De-i Pa-tris, A - men, in

glo-ri-a De-i Pa-tris, in glo-ri-a

glo-ri-a De-i Pa-tris, in glo-ri-a De-i Pa-tris, A-men, A-

glo-ri-a De-i Pa-tris, in glo-ri-a De-i Pa-tris, A-men, A-

men, in glo-ri-a De-i Pa-tris, A-

6 6 5 6 6 7 6

De-i Pa-tris, A-men, A-men, A-

men, A-men, A-men, A-

men, A-men, A-men, A-

men, A-men, A-men, A-

6 6 7 5 6 7 5 6 5

First system of musical notation. The piano part consists of a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 3/4 time signature. The vocal parts are arranged in four staves (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass). The lyrics are: "men, A - - - men, A - - - men, in glo - ri - a De - i Pa - tris, A - - -".

Second system of musical notation. The piano part continues with the same key signature and time signature. The vocal parts continue with the lyrics: "men, in glo - ri - a De - i Pa - tris, A - - - men, in - - - men, in glo - ri - a De - i Pa - tris, A - - - men, in - - - men, in glo - ri - a De - i Pa - tris, A - - -".

glo-ri-a De-i Pa-tris, A - - - - - men, in glo-ri-a De-i Pa-tris, A - - -

glo-ri-a De-i Pa-tris, A - - - - - men, in glo-ri-a De-i Pa - -

glo-ri-a De-i Pa-tris, A - - - - - men, in glo-ri-a De-i Pa-tris,

men, in glo-ri-a De-i Pa-tris, A - - - - - men, in glo-ri-a De-i Pa-tris,

6 24 6 6 4

- men, A - men, A - - - - - men, A - - - - - men, A - -

- tris, A - men, A - - - - - men, A - - - - - men, A - -

A - - - - - men, A - - - - - men, A - - - - - men, A - -

A - men, A - men, A - - - - - men, A - - - - - men, A -

6 4 3 6 7 6 7 6 7

men, in glo-ri-a De - i Pa - tris, A - men, in glo-ri-a De-i Pa-tris,
 - men, in glo-ri-a De - i Pa - tris, A - men, A - men, in glo-ri-a De-i Pa-tris,
 - men, in glo-ri-a De - i Pa - tris, A - men, A - men, in glo-ri-a De-i Pa-tris,
 - men, in glo-ri-a De - i Pa - tris, A - men,

24 41 6 42 65 7 68 65 74 64

A-men, in glo-ri-a De-i Pa-tris, A - men, A - men.
 A - men, De-i Pa-tris, A - men, A - men.
 A - men, De-i Pa-tris, A - men, A - men.
 in glo-ri-a De-i Pa-tris, A - men.

65 7 6 42 6 22 4 65 64 53

Mrssr.

B Mull.

KYRIE.

101

Oboe I.

Oboe II.

Violino I.

Violino II.

Viola.

Soprano.

Alto.

Tenore.

Basso.

Continuo.

61

This musical score is for a Kyrie, page 103. It features a piano accompaniment and vocal parts. The piano part consists of a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) with a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a 4/4 time signature. The vocal parts are arranged in a choir setting, with four staves (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) and a solo part. The lyrics are: Ky - rie, Ky - ri - e e - lei - son, e - lei - son, Ky - rie, Ky - rie.

The score is divided into two systems. The first system contains the piano introduction and the first vocal entry. The second system contains the vocal entries and the piano accompaniment. The lyrics are written below the vocal staves.

Lyrics:
 Ky - rie,
 Ky - ri - e e - lei - son, e - lei - son,
 Ky - rie,
 Ky - rie,

7 6 7 6
4 4 4 4

6 6 7 6 5
5 5 5 4 4

7 6 6 7 6 4
5 5 5 4 4

6 7 6 6 5
5 5 5 4 4

[illegible]

[illegible]

Kyrie eleison, eleison, eleison, eleison,

Kyrie eleison, eleison, eleison, eleison,

Kyrie eleison, eleison, eleison, eleison,

Kyrie eleison, eleison, eleison, eleison,

Ky - ri - e e - le - - - i - son, e - le - - - i - son, e - lei - son, e - lei -
 Ky - ri - e e - lei son, Ky - ri - e e - lei
 e - lei - - - son, e - lei - - - son, e - lei - - - son, Ky - ri - e e - le - i -
 son, Kyrie e - lei - - - son, e - lei - - - son, e - lei - son, Ky - ri - e e - lei -

6⁴ 7 6 5 9⁴ 6 5 9 4 6⁴ 5 # 6 6 4

son.
 son.
 son.
 son.
 son.

Christe e - le - - - i - son, e - le - - - i - son,
 Christe e -

7 6⁴ 5 7 9⁴ 6 5 6 7 6 7⁴ 5

le - - - i - son, e le - - - i - son, e le - - - i - son, Chri - ste e - le - - -

Chri - ste e - le - - - i - son, e - le - - - i - son, Chri - ste e - le - - -

Chri - ste e - le - - - i - son, e -

7 6 5 9 6 9 6 5 9 6 5 7

- i - son, Chri - ste e - le - - - i - son, Chri - ste e - le - - -

- - - i - son, Chri - ste e - le - - - i - son, e - le - - - i - son, Chri - ste e -

Chri - ste e - le - - - i - son, e - le - - - i - son, e - le - - -

le - - - i - son, Chri - ste e - le - - - i - son, e - le - - - i - son, e - le - - -

9 8 6 9 8 7 6 9 6 9 8 7 9 6 9 8 7 9 6 7 6 5

- i - son, e - lei - son, e - le - i - son, Chri - ste e - le - i - son,
 le - i - son, e - lei - son, e - le - i - son, Chri - ste e - le - i - son,
 - i - son, Chri - ste e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son, Chri - ste e - le - i - son,
 - i - son, e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son,

9^b 6 5 9 6 9 8 7 7^b 7 9 8 7 7 7 9^b 8

e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son, Chri - ste e - le - i - son, Chri -
 Chri - ste e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son, Chri -
 Chri - ste e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son, Chri -
 e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son, Chri - ste e - le - i - son, Chri -

6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6

Musical score for the first system, featuring piano accompaniment and vocal parts. The piano part consists of three staves (treble, middle, and bass). The vocal parts include a soprano line and a bass line. The lyrics are:

- ste e - le - i - son, e - lei - son, Chri - ste e - lei son, Chri - ste e -
 Christe e - lei - son, e - lei - son, e - lei - son, Chri - ste e - lei son, Christe e -
 Christe e - lei - son, e - le - i - son, e - lei - son, Chri - ste e - lei - son, e -
 e - le - i - son, e - lei - son, e - lei -

Fingerings and articulations are indicated by numbers (6, 5, 4, 3, 2) and symbols (accents, slurs) below the piano staves.

Musical score for the second system, continuing the piano accompaniment and vocal parts. The piano part consists of three staves (treble, middle, and bass). The vocal parts include a soprano line and a bass line. The lyrics are:

le - i - son, e - lei - son.
 lei - son, e - lei - son.
 lei - son, e - lei - son.
 - son, Chri - ste e - lei - son. Ky - ri -

Fingerings and articulations are indicated by numbers (7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2) and symbols (accents, slurs) below the piano staves.

e e le - - - i son, e le - - - Ky - ri e e le - - -

Ky - ri e e le - - - i son, e le - - -
 i son, e lei - - - son, e lei - - - son, Ky - ri e e le i son, e -

Ky - rie e - le - i - son, e - le -
 i - son, e - le -
 son, Ky - ri e e - lei son, e - lei -
 lei - son, e - le

6 6 6 4 5 3 2 6 7 6 4 4 2 6 6

i - son, e - lei - son, Ky - ri e e - le -
 i - son, Ky - ri e e - le - i - son,
 son, e - le i - son, e - le - i - son, e - le

6 6 6 4 5 3 2 7 6 6 6 5 2 6 6 6 4 5 3 2 6 6 7 6

i - son, e - le - i - son, e - lei -
 Ky - rie e - le - i - son, e - le -
 i - son, e - le - i - son,
 i - son, e - le - i - son,

Figured bass notation: ♯ 6 6 7 3, 6: 5 6, 6: 3 6, 6: 4 3 2, 6 5 7 5:

son, e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son, Ky - ri e - le - i -
 i - son, e - le - i - son, e - le -
 e - le - i - son, e - le -
 Ky - ri e - le -

Figured bass notation: 6: 4 3 2, 6 5 7 5:, 6 6 7 3, 6: 5 6, 6: 3 6, 6: 4 3 2, 6 5 7 5:

son, e - lei - - son, e - le - - i - son, e - lei - son,

- i - son, e - le - - i - son, e - le - - i - son, e - lei - son,

- - - i - son, e - le - - i - son, Ky - ri - e e - le - - i - son,

- i - son, e - lei - - son,

Ky - ri - e e - le - - i - son, e - le - i - son, e - le - i - - son,

Ky - ri - e e - le - - i - son, e - lei - son, e - le - - i - son, e - le - i - - son,

Ky - ri - e e - le - - i - son, e - lei - son, e - le - i - - son,

Ky - ri - e e - le - - i - son, e - lei - son, e - le - i - - son,

6 7 6 6 9 6 9 6 6 6 5 4 3

7 5 3 4 4 4 4 2 5 4 3

19 7 7 6 6 7 6 6 7 6

19 7 7 6 6 7 6 6 7 6

Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son,
 Ky - ri - e e - lei - son, Ky - ri - e e - lei -
 e - lei - son, e - lei - son, e - lei - son,
 son, Ky - ri - e e - lei - son, e - lei - son, e - lei - son,

9 8 6 9 6 6 9 8 6 5 4

e - lei - son, e - lei - son, Ky - ri - e e - lei - son, e - lei -
 son, e - lei - son, e - lei - son,
 Ky - ri - e e - lei - son, e - lei - son, e - lei - son,
 -ky - ri - e e - lei - son, Ky - ri - e e - lei - son, e - lei -

6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6

son, e - le - i - son, Ky - ri - e e - lei - son, e - lei - son, e - lei - son,

Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son, Ky - ri - e e - lei - son, e - le - i - son, Ky -

Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son, Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son,

son, e - le - i - son, Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son, e - lei - son, e - lei -

g 3 6 7 9 6 9 6 9 5 9 6

Ky - ri - e e - lei - son, Ky - ri - e e - lei - son.

- ri - e e - lei - son, Ky - ri - e e - lei - son.

Ky - ri - e e - lei - son, e - lei - son, e - lei - son.

- son, Ky - ri - e e - lei - son.

7 6 5 7 6 2 7 5 6 5 6 5

GLORIA.

Oboe I.

Oboe II.

Violino I.

Violino II.

Viola.

Soprano.

Alto.

Tenore.

Basso.

Continuo.

The first system of the musical score for 'GLORIA.' features ten staves. The top five staves are for Oboe I, Oboe II, Violino I, Violino II, and Viola, all in treble clef with a key signature of one flat and a 3/4 time signature. The bottom five staves are for the vocal parts: Soprano, Alto, Tenore, Basso, and Continuo. The vocal parts have lyrics: 'Glo - ri - a in ex - cel - sis De - o,'. The Continuo part is in bass clef. The music is written in a 3/4 time signature with a key signature of one flat.

The second system of the musical score continues the vocal and instrumental parts. The vocal parts have lyrics: 'glo - ria, glo - ri - a in ex - cel - sis De - o, glo - ri - a in ex - cel - sis'. The Continuo part is in bass clef. The music is written in a 3/4 time signature with a key signature of one flat. The system concludes with figured bass notation: 6 4, 7 4 2, 7 4 2, 6 4, 6 3, 7 4 2.

De-o, glo-ria, glo-ria, glo-ria in ex-cel-sis

De-o, glo-ria, glo-ria, glo-ria in ex-cel-sis

glo-ria in ex-cel-sis De-o, glo-ria, glo-ria in ex-cel-sis

glo-ria in ex-cel-sis De-o, glo-ria, glo-ria in ex-cel-sis

7/4 2/2 5/4 7/4

De-o, in ex-cel-sis, in ex-cel-sis De-o, in ex-

De-o, glo-ria in ex-cel-sis De-o, glo-ria in ex-cel-sis De-o,

De-o, glo-ria in ex-cel-sis De-o, glo-ria in ex-cel-sis De-o,

De-o, glo-ria in ex-cel-sis De-o, glo-ria in ex-cel-sis De-o,

7/4 5/4 6/4 4/2 6

[illegible]

glo - ria, glo - ria, glo - ria in ex - cel - sis, in ex - cel - sis De - o, glo - ri -

B. W. VIII.

[illegible]

cel - sis, in ex - cel - sis De - o glo - ri - a.

glo - ri - a in ex - cel - sis De - o, De - o glo - ri - a.

glo - ri - a in ex - cel - sis, in ex - cel - sis De - o glo - ri - a.

glo - ri - a in ex - cel - sis, in ex - cel - sis De - o glo - ri - a.

6 6 7 7 8 1

Et in ter - ra pax, pax ho - mi - ni - bus bo - nae vo - lun - ta -

Et in ter - ra pax, pax ho -

Et in ter - ra pax, pax,

Et in ter - ra pax, pax ho - mi - ni - bus bo - nae

7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7

- - tis, in ter-ra pax, pax — ho - mi - - ni-bus bonae vo - lun - ta - - - tis, in ter-ra
 mi-ni-bus bo - - nae vo - lun - ta - tis, in ter-ra pax, pax — ho-mi-ni-bus bonae vo - lun -
 pax — ho - mi - - ni-bus, et in ter - ra pax, pax, — pax ho -
 vo - lun - ta - - - tis, in ter-ra pax, pax — ho - mi - - ni-bus bonae vo - lun - ta -

4 7 2 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 8

pax, pax — ho - mi - - ni-bus bonae vo - lun - ta - - - tis.
 ta - tis, bonae vo - lun ta - - - tis.
 mi-ni-bus, ho - mini-bus bonae vo - lun - ta - - - tis.
 - - tis, in terra pax ho-mi-ni-bus — bonae vo - lun - ta - - - tis.

7 7 7 7 2 7 2 7 3 3

Musical score for the first system. It includes piano accompaniment in the upper staves and vocal entries in the lower staves. The lyrics "Lau-da" and "Lau-da - mus te, lau-" are visible.

Musical score for the second system. It continues the vocal and piano parts from the first system. The lyrics "Lau-da - mus te, lauda - mus te, benedi - ci - mus te, lau-da - mus" are visible.

mus te, lau-da-mus te, bene-di-ci-mus te, lau-da-mus te, be-ne-di-

mus te, lau-da-mus te, bene-di-ci-mus te, lau-da-mus te, be-ne-di-

te, lau-da-mus te, lau-da-mus, lau-da-mus te, be-ne-di-ci-mus

-mus, lau-da-mus te, lau-da-mus te, lau-da-mus te, be-ne-

5 4 4 7 5 7

-ci-mus, a-do-ra-mus, a-do-ra-mus te, a-do-ra-mus

-ci-mus, a-do-ramus, a-do-ra-mus, a-do-ramus, a-do-ramus

te, a-do-ra-mus, a-do-ra-mus te, a-do-ra-mus

di-ci-mus, a-do-ra-mus, a-do-ramus te, a-do-ramus

5 5 5 4 4

R. W. VIII.

te, a - do - ra - - mus te, a - do - ra - - mus te, glo - ri - fi - camus

te, a - - do - ra - - - mus te, - - -

te, a - do - ra - - mus te, a - - - do - ra - mus te,

te, a - do - ra - - mus te, a - do - ra - mus te,

6 7 6 3 5 4

te, glo - ri - fi - ca - - - mus, glo - ri - fi - ca - - mus, glo - ri - fi -

glo - ri - fi - camus te, glo - ri - fi - ca - - - mus, glo - ri - fi - ca - - mus, glo - ri - fi -

glo - ri - fi - ca - mus te, glo - ri - fi - ca - - mus, glo - ri - fi - ca - - mus, glo - ri - fi -

glo - ri - fi - ca - mus te, glo - ri - fi - camus te, glo -

3 5 6 5 6 3

ea - mus te, glo - ri - fi - ca - mus, glo - ri - fi - camus

ea - mus te, glo - ri - fi - ca - mus, glo - ri - fi - camus te,

ea - mus te, glo - ri - fi - ca - mus, glo - ri - fi - camus

ri - fi - ca - mus te, glo - ri - fi - camus te, glo - ri - fi - camus

[illegible]

Basso.

Continuo.

A musical score for the song 'The Rose Tree'. It features three staves: a vocal line in the treble clef and two piano accompaniment lines in the bass clef. The key signature has one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 3/4. The melody is simple and catchy, with a repeating eighth-note pattern in the vocal line. The piano accompaniment provides a steady harmonic foundation with chords and moving lines. The score is presented in a clean, black-and-white format with clear notation and a simple layout.

Musical score for "Gloria in excelsis Deo" by J. S. Bach, BWV 141. The score is for three parts: Soprano, Alto, and Bass. The Soprano part begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The Alto and Bass parts begin with a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The tempo is marked "Allegro". The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. The lyrics "Gra - ti - as a - gi - mus ti - bi," are written below the Bass staff. The dynamics "piano" and "forte" are indicated below the Bass staff. The time signature is 4/4.

The image shows a musical score for a piano accompaniment. The score is written on a grand staff with a treble and bass clef. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 3/4. The tempo/mood is marked 'piano'. The lyrics are 'gra - ti - as a - gi - mus ti - bi, ti -'. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and slurs. Below the staff, there are some numbers and symbols, possibly indicating fingerings or other performance instructions.

bi, gra - ti - as a - gi - mus ti - bi, gra - ti - as

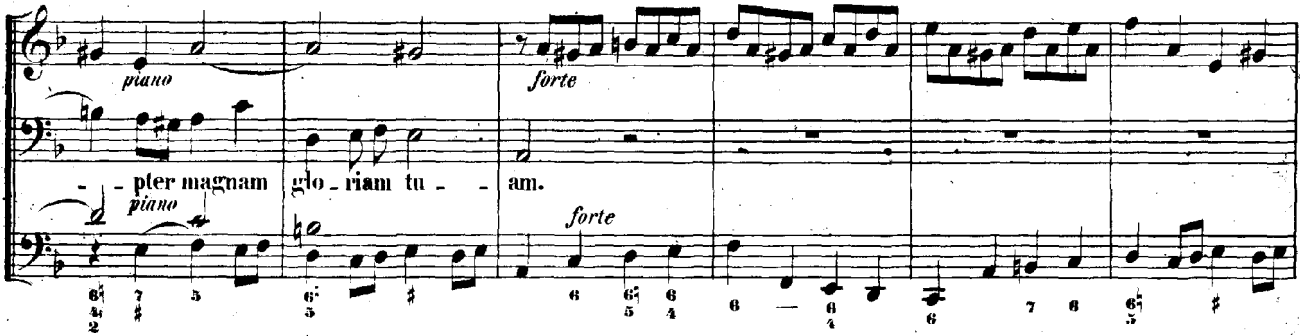
forte *piano* *forte* *piano*



First system of the musical score. It features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The lyrics are: a - gi - mus ti - bi, ti - bi, gra - ti - as a - gi - mus ti - bi. The piano part includes fingerings: 7, 7, 5, 6, 5, 6, 4, 5, 3, 7, 6, 5.



Second system of the musical score. The lyrics are: pro - pter ma - gnam glo - riam tu - am, pro. The piano part includes fingerings: 6, 6, 6, 6, 4, 3, 6, 5, 6, 4, 5. Dynamics include *forte* in the vocal line and *forte* in the piano line.



Third system of the musical score. The lyrics are: - pter magnam glo - riam tu - am. The piano part includes fingerings: 6, 4, 2, 7, 5, 6, 5, 4, 6, 6, 4, 6, 7, 6, 5. Dynamics include *piano* and *forte* in both vocal and piano lines.



Fourth system of the musical score. The lyrics are: Do - mine De - us, Do - mine De - us, rex coe - le - stis. The piano part includes fingerings: 4, 6, 6, 4, 2, 6, 5, 4, 3, 6, 7, 7. Dynamics include *piano* in both vocal and piano lines.



Fifth system of the musical score. The lyrics are: Do - mine De - us, rex coe - le - stis, De - us Pa - ter, De - us Pa - ter omni - po - . The piano part includes fingerings: 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 7, 6, 7, 6, 7, 5, 4. Dynamics include *piano* in both vocal and piano lines.

First system of the musical score. The treble staff begins with a *forte* dynamic. The bass staff contains the lyrics "tens," and "rex" with a *piano* dynamic. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-5 below the notes.

Second system of the musical score. The treble staff begins with a *piano* dynamic. The bass staff contains the lyrics "coe - le - - stis, rex" and "coe - le - - stis, De - - - us". Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-5 below the notes.

Third system of the musical score. The treble staff contains the lyrics "Pa - ter o - mni - po - tens!" and "Gra - ti - as a - gi - mus ti - - bi,". Dynamics include *forte* and *piano*. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-5 below the notes.

Fourth system of the musical score. The treble staff contains the lyrics "gra - ti - as a - gi - mus ti - - bi," and "gra - ti - as". Dynamics include *piano* and *forte*. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-5 below the notes.

Fifth system of the musical score. The treble staff contains the lyrics "a - gi - mus ti - - bi pro - - pter ma - - gnam glo - - - ri - am". Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-5 below the notes.

forte

piano

tu - am. *forte*

Do - mine De - us, rex coe -

piano

[illegible]

De - us - Pa - ter o - mni - po - tens!

piano *forte*

4 6 - 7 4 2 2 8 4 5 6 5 4 2 8 5 5

A musical score for the song 'The Rose Tree'. It features three staves: a treble staff and two bass staves. The treble staff contains the melody, which is a simple, catchy tune. The two bass staves provide a harmonic accompaniment. The music is written in a key with one sharp (F#) and a 2/4 time signature. The melody consists of a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, with some rests. The accompaniment in the bass staves uses a variety of note values, including eighth, sixteenth, and quarter notes, as well as rests. The overall style is that of a traditional folk song.

A musical score for the song 'The Rose Tree'. It consists of three staves. The top staff is a treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The middle staff is a bass clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The bottom staff is a bass clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The music is written in a simple, folk-like style. The melody is in the treble staff, and the accompaniment is in the two bass staves. The song ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

Oboe.

Violino I.

Violino II.

Viola.

Alto.

Continuo.

6 6 6 7 9 8 3 6 6 6 7 9 8 3 6 7

4 7 3 6 7 4 3 Tasto solo

7 2 6 6 6 6 7 6 6 3 2 6 6 3 2 6 6 3 2 Tasto solo

First system of musical notation. It features five staves: two grand staves (treble and bass clef) and three single staves (two bass clefs and one treble clef). The music is in 3/4 time. Dynamics include *piano* and *forte*. The lyrics "Do - mi - ne" are written under the bottom staff.

Second system of musical notation. It features five staves. Dynamics include *pianissimo* and *piano*. The lyrics "Fi - li u - ni - ge - ni - te, Do - mi - ne Fi - li u - ni - ge - ni - te Je - su" are written under the bottom staff.

Third system of musical notation. It features five staves. Dynamics include *forte* and *piano*. The lyrics "Chri - ste, Do -" are written under the bottom staff.

mi-ne Fi-li u-ni-ge-ni-te Je-su Christe, Fi-li u-ni-ge-

piano *piano* *piano* *tr*

ni-te Je-su, Je-su Christe, Domine Fi-li u-ni-ge-ni-te Je-

piano *Tasto solo*

su Chri-ste.

forte *forte* *forte* *forte*

Tasto solo

B. W. VIII.

Musical score for the first system. The piano accompaniment consists of two staves (treble and bass clef). The vocal line is on a single staff. Dynamics include *piano* and *forte*. The vocal line enters with the lyrics "Do - mine De - us,".

Musical score for the second system. The piano accompaniment continues with two staves. The vocal line continues with the lyrics "a - gnus De - i, Fi - lius Pa - tris, qui tol - lis pec - ca - ta mundi, qui".

Musical score for the third system. The piano accompaniment continues with two staves. The vocal line concludes with the lyrics "tol - lis pec - ca - ta mundi, mi - se - re - re no - bis!". The system ends with a *forte* dynamic marking.



First system of the musical score. It features a grand staff with five staves. The top staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The second staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The third and fourth staves have a bass clef and a key signature of one flat (Bb). The fifth staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one flat. The music is in 4/4 time. The first two staves contain complex melodic lines with many beamed sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The third and fourth staves contain simpler melodic lines. The fifth staff contains the vocal line with the lyrics "Do - mi - ne De - us, a - gnus". The word "forte" is written above the third staff, and "piano" is written above the second and fourth staves. Below the staves are figured bass figures: 7 6 5, 9 8 7, 6 5 4, 3 2 1, 6 6, 4 3, 2 1, 6 6, 4 3, 2 1, 6 6, 4 3, 2 1.



Second system of the musical score. It features a grand staff with five staves. The top staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The second staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The third and fourth staves have a bass clef and a key signature of one flat. The fifth staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one flat. The music is in 4/4 time. The first two staves contain complex melodic lines with many beamed sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The third and fourth staves contain simpler melodic lines. The fifth staff contains the vocal line with the lyrics "De - i, Filius Pa - tris, qui tol - lis pec - ca - ta". Below the staves are figured bass figures: 9 7, 6 5, 4 3, 2 1, 6 6, 4 3, 2 1, 6 6, 4 3, 2 1, 6 6, 4 3, 2 1, 6 6, 4 3, 2 1.



Third system of the musical score. It features a grand staff with five staves. The top staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The second staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The third and fourth staves have a bass clef and a key signature of one flat. The fifth staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one flat. The music is in 4/4 time. The first two staves contain complex melodic lines with many beamed sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The third and fourth staves contain simpler melodic lines. The fifth staff contains the vocal line with the lyrics "mun - di, mi - se - re - re no - bis, Domine De - us, a - gnus". Below the staves are figured bass figures: 6 5, 4 3, 2 1, 6 6, 4 3, 2 1, 6 6, 4 3, 2 1, 6 6, 4 3, 2 1, 6 6, 4 3, 2 1. The word "Tasto solo" is written at the bottom right of the system.

De - i, Fi - li - us Pa - tris, mi - se - re - re no - bis! *forte*

Qui tol - lis pec - ca - ta *piano* *tr.*

mun - di, qui tol - *forte* *piano*

Tasto solo

[illegible]

First system of the musical score. It features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The lyrics are: "re no-bis, mi - se re - re no - bis!". The piano part includes a *forte* dynamic marking. The system concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

Second system of the musical score. It continues the vocal and piano parts. The piano accompaniment alternates between *forte* and *piano* dynamics. The system concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

Third system of the musical score. It features a *Tasto solo* section for the piano, indicated by a bracket and the text "Tasto solo". The piano part includes *piano* and *forte* dynamic markings. The system concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

Adagio.

Oboe.

Tenore.

Continuo.

6 6 6 6 7 6 5

7 6 5 5 7 6 5 7 7 6 6 6 5 4 2

6 6 6 5 4 2 6 6

6 7 6 7 6

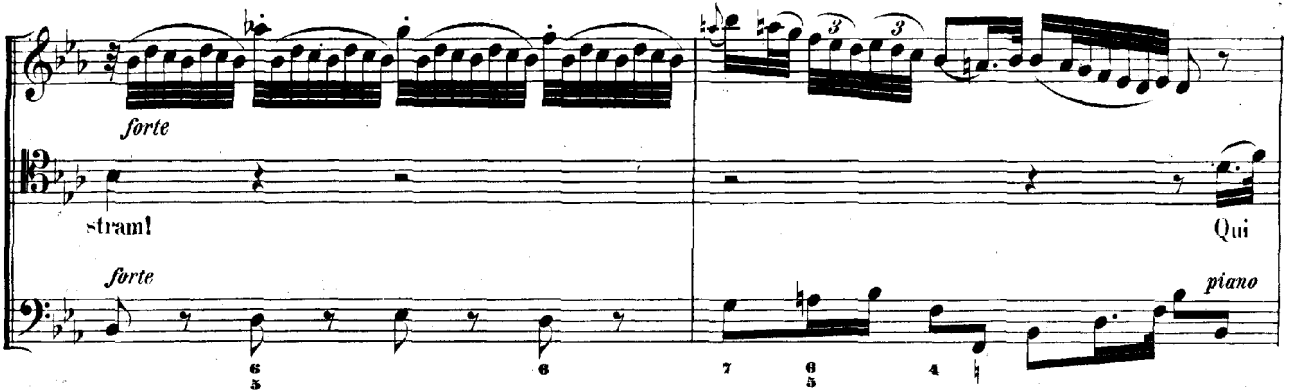
Qui tol - - - lis pecca - ta, pecca - ta mun - di,

pecca - - - ta mun - di, susci pe de - pre - ca - - ti - o - nem, de - pre -



ca - ti - o - nem no - stram, de - pre - ca - ti - o - nem no -

6 5 7 6 7 6 5 7 6 5 7



forte stram! *Qui* *piano*

6 5 6 7 6 5 4



piano se - des ad dexte - ram Pa - tris, qui se - des ad dexte - ram Pa - tris, mi - se -

6 4 2 6 4 2 6 6 7



re - re no - bis, mi - se - re - re no - bis, *forte*

6 7 6 7 6 5 6 5 7 6 5 7

piano *forte*

piano *forte*

mi-se-re - re, mi - se-re - re no - - - bis!

6 4 7 5 6 4 4 6 6 5 7

piano *forte*

6 5 7 6 7 6 5 6 5

Un poco allegro.

piano

Quo - ni - am tu so - lus, tu

6 4 7 6 6 6 5 6 6 7 6 4

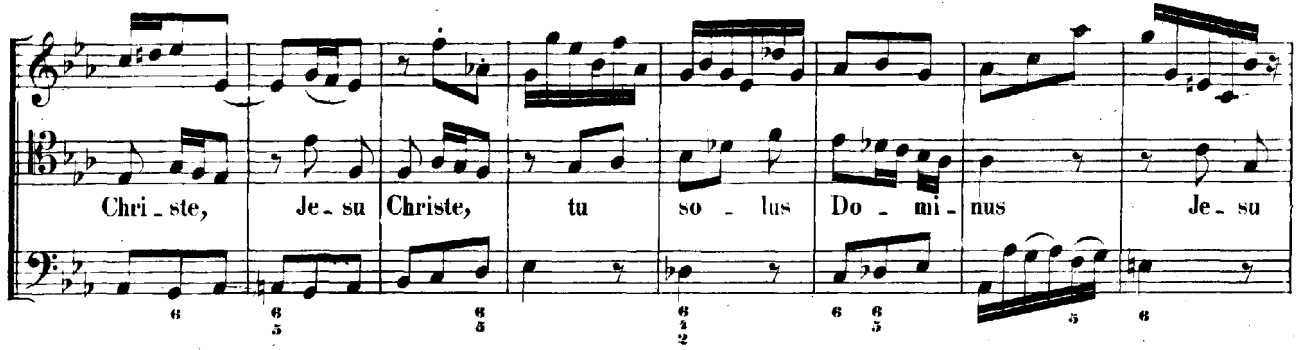
piano

so - lus, so - lus san - ctus, quo - ni - am tu so - lus Do - mi - nus, tu

6 6 5 7 7 6 7 6 5 6

so - lus al - tis - si - mus Je - su Chri - ste, Je - su Chri - ste, Je - su

6 6 6 6 7 6 7 5 6 5 5 4 7 5 6



Chri - ste, Je - su Chri - ste, tu so - lus Do - mi - nus Je - su

6 5 6 6 5 6 5 6



Chri - ste, Je - su Chri - ste, tu so - lus san - - - - -

7 6 6 4 2 6 6 7 6 6 7 7



- ctus, tu so - - - - - lus Do - - - - - mi - nus, tu

7 7 7 3 7 7 6 6



so - lus al - tis - si - mus Je - - - - - su Chri - - - - - ste, Je - - - - -

6 6 6 6 5 6 5 6 7 6



forte
su Chri - ste. *forte*

7 6 5 9 8 6 5 9 8 6 5 9 6 6 7 7

Oboe I.

Oboe II.

Violino I.

Violino II.

Viola.

Soprano.

Alto.

Tenore.

Basso.

Continuo.

Cum san - - eto, san - - eto Spi-ri-tu, eum sancto Spi - - ri-tu, eum

Cum san - - eto, san - - eto Spi-ri tu, eum san - -

Cum san - - eto, san - -

Cum san - - eto, san - -

san - - eto, san - - eto Spi-ri tu in glo - -

- eto Spi - - ri-tu, eum san - - eto Spi-ri tu in glo - - ri-a, in

- eto Spi-ritu, eum san-eto Spi - - ri - tu

- eto Spi-ri tu

ri - a, in glo - ri - a De - i Pa - tris, in glo -

glo - ri - a De - i Pa - tris, in glo -

in glo - ri - a, in glo -

in glo - ri - a, in glo -

9 6 4 2 6 6 2 6 6 4 6 5 6 4 2 7 6 7

ri - a De - i Pa - tris, A - men, A -

ri - a De - i Pa - tris, A - men,

ri - a De - i Pa - tris, A - men,

ri - a De - i Pa - tris, A - men, A -

7 6 7 6 4 6 5

[illegible]

men, eum san - - eto Spi-ri - tu in glo - - ria De-i Pa-tris, A - - -

men, eum san - - eto Spi-ri - tu in glo - - ria De-i Pa-tris, A - - -

men, eum san - - - eto Spi-ri - tu in glo - - - ria De - i

men, eum san - - - eto Spi-ri - tu in glo - - -

6 9 6 7 6 9 6 7 6 9: 6

[illegible]

The image shows a page from a musical score for the song "The Rose Tree." The score is written for a vocal ensemble (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) and piano accompaniment. The key signature is one flat (B-flat major or D minor), and the time signature is 4/4. The piano part features a prominent melody in the right hand and a supporting bass line in the left hand. The vocal parts enter in the second measure, with the Tenor and Bass parts having the lyrics "men." written below them. The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines, and the piano part includes fingering numbers (1-5) and dynamic markings (p, f) at the bottom.



First system of a musical score. It consists of nine staves. The top four staves are treble clefs, and the bottom five are bass clefs. The music is in 2/4 time and features complex rhythmic patterns, including sixteenth and thirty-second notes, and various rests. The key signature has one flat. The system concludes with a double bar line.



Second system of the musical score, continuing from the first. It also consists of nine staves with the same clef arrangement. The musical notation continues with similar complex rhythmic patterns. The system concludes with a double bar line.

9 6 7 7 9 5 6 7 6 6 9 8 6 6 8 6

6 6 5 6 7 4 5 6 6 6 6 6 6

This musical score is for a piece titled "Cum Sancto Spiritu in gloria Dei Patris Amen". It is written for a large ensemble, including voices and instruments. The score is in 4/4 time and features a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The vocal parts (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, and Bass) are written on staves with a common key signature of one flat. The instrumental parts (Piano, Violin I, Violin II, Viola, Cello, and Double Bass) are written on staves with a common key signature of one flat. The lyrics are in Latin and are written below the vocal staves. The score is divided into four measures, each containing a different vocal line. The lyrics are: "Cum san - eto", "Spi - ritu in glo -", "ri - a", "De - i Patris, A -", "men, A -", "men, A -". The score is written in a standard musical notation style, with notes, rests, and bar lines. The lyrics are written in a serif font.

[illegible]

[illegible]

men, A - men, cum san - cto Spi - ritu in

men, A - men,

Spi - ritu in glo - ria De - i Pa - tris, A -

men, A - men, A - men,

6 5 6 6 6 5 6 5 4 3

glo - ria De-i Pa - tris, eum saneto
 A - - men, eum san - eto Spi - ritu in glo -
 men, A - - men, A - - men,
 A - - men, A - - men, A - - men,

6 5 6 5 5 6 5 6

Spi - ri - tu in glo - ria De-i Pa - - tris, A - men, A - - - - - men, A - men, A - -
 - ri - a, in glo - - - - - ria De-i Pa - tris, eum saneto Spi - ri - tu in
 eum san - eto Spi - ritu in glo -
 A - - men,

6 5 6 5 5 6 5 6

men, A - men, A - men, cum san - eto Spi - ritu in glo -

glo - ria De - i Pa - tris, A - men, A - men, in glo - ria De - i Pa - tris, A - men, in

- ria De - i Pa - tris, Amen, A - men, in glo - ria De - i Pa - tris,

cum san - eto Spi - ritu in glo - ria De - i Pa -

5 3 6 2 5 3 4 2 5 6 5 4 2 5 7 4 2 6 3 3 6 6 6 6 5 3 4 2 6 5

- ria De - i Pa - tris, A - men, A - men, A -

glo - ria De - i Pa - tris, A - men, cum san - eto Spi - ritu in glo -

A - men, A - men,

tris, A - men,

6 # # 6

— 4 —

B. W. VIII.

Amen, in glo - - ria De - i Pa - - tris, A - - men.

Amen, in glo - ri - a De - i Pa - - tris, A - - - - men.

Amen, in glo - ri - a De - i Pa - - - tris, A - - - - men.

- - - - men, in glo - ri - a De - i Pa - - tris, A - - - - men.

92 8 6 5 6 6 4 7 7

Cum san - - eto Spi - - ri - tu in glo - - ria De - i Pa - - tris, A - - - - men, A - -

Cum san - - eto Spi - - ri - tu in glo - ri - a, in glo - - - - ria De - i Pa - - - - tris, A - -

Cum san - - eto Spi - - ri - tu in glo - - - - ria De - i Pa - - - - tris, A - -

Cum san - - eto Spi - - ri - tu in glo - ri - a De - i Pa - - tris, A - -

6 5 4 4 3 3 2 3 7 9 6 9 5 9 5 6 9 6 6

men, in glo-ri-a Dei Patris, Amen, cum san - cto Spi-ri - tu in glo - - - ri -

men, in glo-ri-a Dei Patris, Amen, cum san - cto Spi-ri - tu in glo - - - ri -

men, Amen, in glo-ri-a De-i Pa-tris, A - men, cum san - cto Spi-ri - tu in glo-ria, glo-ri -

men, Amen, in glo-ri - a De-i Pa - tris, A - men, cum san - cto Spi-ri - tu in glo-ri -

6 4 11 4 6 7 7 7 9 8 7 7 7 9 8 7 7 7

a, in glo-ria De-i Pa - tris, Amen, in glo-ria De-i Pa - tris, A - men, A - - - men.

a, in glo - ri-a De - i Patris, Amen, glo - ri-a De-i Pa - tris, Amen, A - - - men.

a, in glo-ria De-i Patris, A - men, in glo-ria De-i Pa - tris, A - - - men, A - men.

a, in glo-ria De-i Pa - tris, Amen, in glo-ria De-i Pa - tris, A - men, A - - - men.

9 3 6 5 6 6 9 3 6 5 6 6 5 4 6 6 6 7 6 5

Mrssr.

Gdur.

KYRIE.

Soprano.

Oboe I. Violino I.
col Soprano.

Alto.

Oboe II. Violino II.
coll' Alto.

Tenore.

Viola col Tenore.

Basso.

Continuo.

Ky - ri - e - e - le - - i - son, e - le - - - - i - son, e -

[illegible]

son, e - le - - - i - son, e - le - i - son, e - le - - - - -

Ky - ri e e - le - i - son, e - le - - - - -

- - - i - son, e - le - i - son, e - le - - - - -

- Ky - ri e e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son, e

[illegible][illegible]

son, Christe e lei son, e le - - - i son, e - le i -

le i - son, e - le i - son, Ky - - ri e e le i son, e le -

lei son, e le i - son, Chri - ste e - le i son, e - le i - son, Ky - ri e e -

Christe e lei son, e le - - - i son, e lei son, e - le i -



son, Ky - ri e e le-i-son, e le - - - i - son, Ky-ri e e -
 - - - i - son, e - le - i - son, e - le - - - i - son, Ky - ri e e -
 le-i-son, e le - - - i - son, e - le - i - son, e - le - - -
 son, Ky - ri e e le-i-son, e le - - -



le - i - son, e - le - i - son, e - le - - - i - son, e - le - i -
 lei - son, Ky - ri e e le-i-son, e le - - - i - son,
 - - i - son, Ky - ri e e -
 - - i - son, e - le - i - son, e - le - - - i - son, e - le - i - son, e - le - - - i - son,



son, e - le - - - i - son, e - le - i - son, Ky - ri -
 e - le - - - i - son, e - le - - - i - son, e -
 le - i - son, e - le - - - i - son, Christe e - le - i - son, Christe e - lei -
 Ky - ri e e le-i-son, e le - - -

[illegible][illegible][illegible]



Ky - ri e e le - i - son, e - le - i - son,
 le - i - son, e - le - i - son,
 son, Chri - ste e le - i - son, e - le - i - son, e - lei - son, Chri - ste e lei - son, e -
 le - i - son, e - le - i - son, Chri - ste e -



Chri - ste e lei - son, e lei - son, e lei - son, Chri - ste e lei - son, e -
 i - son, Chri - ste e lei - son, e - i - son, Chri - ste e lei - son, e -
 le - i - son, Chri - ste e -
 lei - son, e le - i - son, Ky - ri e e le - i -



lei - son, e - le - i - son, Chri - ste e lei - son, e lei - son.
 le - i - son, e - le - i - son, Chri - ste e lei - son, e - le - i - son.
 i - son, e - lei - son, Chri - ste e lei - son, e lei - son.
 son, e - le - i - son, Chri - ste e lei - son, e lei - son.

GLORIA.

Vivace.

Oboe I.

Oboe II.

Violino I.

Violino II.

Viola.

Soprano.

Alto.

Tenore.

Basso.

Continuo.

The first system of the musical score consists of nine staves. The top four staves are for the piano accompaniment, with the first two in treble clef and the last two in bass clef. The fifth staff is a vocal line in B major, with the lyrics "De - o!" written below it. The sixth staff is another vocal line in B major, also with the lyrics "De - o!". The seventh staff is a vocal line in B major, with the lyrics "De - o!". The eighth staff is a vocal line in B major, with the lyrics "De - o!". The ninth staff is a vocal line in B major, with the lyrics "De - o!".

The second system of the musical score consists of nine staves. The top four staves are for the piano accompaniment, with the first two in treble clef and the last two in bass clef. The fifth staff is a vocal line in B major, with the lyrics "De - o!" written below it. The sixth staff is another vocal line in B major, also with the lyrics "De - o!". The seventh staff is a vocal line in B major, with the lyrics "De - o!". The eighth staff is a vocal line in B major, with the lyrics "De - o!". The ninth staff is a vocal line in B major, with the lyrics "De - o!".

This musical score is divided into two systems, each containing eight measures. The top system features a piano accompaniment with a complex, flowing melody in the right hand and a more rhythmic, arpeggiated pattern in the left hand. The piano part is written in G major, with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The orchestral part, which includes strings and woodwinds, is written in a lower register and features a more melodic line. The bottom system continues the piano and orchestral parts, with the piano part maintaining its intricate texture and the orchestral part providing harmonic support. The score is written in a standard musical notation style, with clefs, key signatures, and various musical symbols indicating pitch, rhythm, and dynamics.

The first system of the musical score consists of nine staves. The top four staves are treble clefs, and the bottom five are bass clefs. The music is in 3/4 time and features a complex, fast-moving melody in the upper staves, with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The lower staves provide a steady accompaniment with eighth and sixteenth notes. The key signature has one sharp (F#).

The second system of the musical score consists of nine staves, continuing the composition from the first system. The notation is similar, with complex melodic lines in the upper staves and accompaniment in the lower staves. In the fifth measure, the word "Glo" is written below the first two bass staves. In the eighth measure, the words "ri-a," are written below the first two bass staves. The key signature remains one sharp (F#).

glo - ri - a in ex -

glo - ri - a in ex -

cel - sis De - o! Et

cel - sis De - o, glo - ri - a in ex - cel - sis De - o!

Et in

Et in ter - ra

in ter - ra, in ter - ra pax

Et in ter - ra, in ter - ra pax

ter - ra, in ter - ra pax

pax, in ter - ra pax

ho - mi - nibus bo - nae vo - lun - ta -

ho - mi - nibus bo - nae vo - lun - ta -

ho - mi - nibus bo - nae vo - lun - ta -

ho - mi - nibus bo - nae vo - lun -

First system of a musical score. It includes a piano accompaniment with a right-hand part featuring rapid sixteenth-note passages and a left-hand part with a steady eighth-note accompaniment. There are four vocal staves (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) with lyrics. The lyrics for the vocal parts are: "tis, tis, tis, ta tis,".

Second system of the musical score. The piano accompaniment continues with similar patterns. The vocal parts have the following lyrics: "et in ter - ra, in ter - ra" (Soprano), "et in ter - ra, in ter - ra" (Alto), "et in ter - ra, in ter - ra" (Tenor), and "et in ter - ra pax, in ter - ra" (Bass).

Musical score for the first system. The piano part consists of a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The vocal parts are arranged in four staves, each with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The lyrics are in Latin.

Piano part (Violonecelli):
 Treble clef: $\text{F}\sharp$ major, 4/4 time. The melody is composed of eighth and sixteenth notes.
 Bass clef: $\text{F}\sharp$ major, 4/4 time. The bass line is composed of eighth and sixteenth notes.

Vocal parts (all in $\text{F}\sharp$ major):
 Soprano: pax
 Alto: pax
 Tenor: pax
 Bass: pax

Latin lyrics:
 ho - mi - nibus
 ho - mi - nibus bo - nae
 ho - mi -

Musical score for the second system. The piano part continues with the same grand staff and key signature. The vocal parts continue with the same key signature. The lyrics are in Latin.

Piano part (Violonecelli):
 Treble clef: $\text{F}\sharp$ major, 4/4 time. The melody is composed of eighth and sixteenth notes.
 Bass clef: $\text{F}\sharp$ major, 4/4 time. The bass line is composed of eighth and sixteenth notes.

Vocal parts (all in $\text{F}\sharp$ major):
 Soprano: bo - nae vo - lun - ta -
 Alto: vo - lun - ta -
 Tenor: - nibus bo - nae lun - ta -
 Bass: ho - mi - nibus bo - nae vo - lun - ta -

Latin lyrics:
 tis, bo - nae vo - lun - ta -

Musical score for "Laudamus" by Johann Sebastian Bach, BWV 1026. The score is for a 4-part vocal setting (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) and a basso continuo. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is common time (C). The score is divided into four measures. The vocal parts enter in the first measure with the word "tis!". The basso continuo part enters in the first measure with a single note. The second measure contains rests for all parts. The third measure contains rests for all parts. The fourth measure contains the word "Lau - da - mus" for all parts. The score is written on a grand staff with five staves.

te, be-ne-di - - ei-mus te, a-do-ra - - - mus te, glo-ri - fi -

te, be-ne-di - - ei-mus te, a-do-ra - - - mus te,

te, lau-da - - mus te, be - ne - di - ei-mus te, lau-da

te, lau-da - - - mus te, be-ne-di - - ei-mus te, lau-da

ca - - - - - mus te,

lau - da - mus te, lau - da - - - - - mus te, be - ne -

- - - mus, a - do - ra - - - - - mus, a - do - ra - - - - - mus, glo - ri - fi - ca -

- - - mus te, a - do - ra - mus, a - - do - ra - mus te, glo - ri - fi - ca -

lau - da - mus te, lau - da - - - - - mus te, be - ne -

di - ei - mus te, lau - da - mus te, lau - da - - - - -

- - - - - mus te, a - do - ra - - - - - mus te,

- - - mus te, a - do - ra - mus, a - - do - ra - mus te,

di - ci - mus te, lau - da - mus te, a - do - ra - mus

mus te, a - do - ra - mus te,

lau - da - mus te, lau - da - mus te, a - do - ra - mus

lau - da - mus te, lau - da - mus te,

te, glo - ri - fi - ca - mus te, lau - da - mus te, lau -

lau - da - mus te, lau - da -

mus te, glo - ri - fi - ca -

be - ne - di - ci - mus te, glo - ri - fi - ca -

da - mus te, a-do-ra - mus te, glo -
 mus te, be-ne-di - ei-mus te, lau - da - mus te, lau -
 mus te, glo-ri-fi-ca - mus te, lau - da - mus te, lau - da -
 mus te, lau-da - mus te, glo-ri-fi - ca - mus

ri - fi - ca - mus te, a-do-ra -
 da - mus, lau-da - mus te, a-do-ra -
 mus te, be-ne-di - ei-mus te, lau - da - mus te, lau -
 te, a-do-ra - mus te, lau - da - mus te, lau - da -

mus te, lau - da - mus te, lau - da -

- mus, glo - ri - fi - ca - mus, a - do - ra -

da - mus te, a - do - ra - mus te, a - do - ra - mus

- mus te, be - ne - di - ci - mus te, lau - da - mus te, lau -

- mus te, be - ne - di - ci - mus te, a - do -

- mus te, be - ne - di - ci - mus te, a - do -

te, lau - da - mus te, be - ne - di - ci - mus te, a - do -

da - mus te, be - ne - di - ci - mus te, a - do -

ra - - - mus, a - - - do - ra - - - mus te, glo - ri - fi - ca - - mus

ra - - - mus, a - - - do - ra - - - mus te, glo - ri - fi - ca - - mus

ra - - - mus te, a - do ra - - - mus te, glo - ri - fi - ca - mus

ra - - - mus te, a - do ra - - - mus te, glo - ri - fi - ca - mus

te, a - - - do - ra - mus, glo - ri - fi - ca - mus te, lau - da -

te, a - - - do - ra - mus, glo - ri - fi - ca - mus te, lau -

te, a - - - do - ra - mus, glo - ri - fi - ca - mus te,

te, a - - - do - ra - mus, glo - ri - fi - ca - mus te,

mus, lau - da - - - mus te, be - - - ne - di - ei - mus

da - - - mus, lau da - - - mus te, be - - - ne - di - ei - mus

lau da - - - mus, lau da - - - mus

lau da - - - mus, lau da - - - mus

te, be - ne - di - ei - mus te,

- ei - mus, be - ne - di - ei - mus te,

te, be - ne - di - ei - mus te,

te, be - ne - di - ei - mus te,

a - do - ra - mus
 a - do - ra - mus
 a - do - ra - mus
 a - do - ra - mus te, glo -

te, glo - ri - fi - ca - mus te, glo - ri - fi - ca - mus te.
 te, glo - ri - fi - ca - mus, glo - ri - fi - ca - mus te.
 te, glo - ri - fi - ca - mus, glo - ri - fi - ca - mus te.
 ri - fi - ca - mus te, glo - ri - fi - ca - mus, glo - ri - fi - ca - mus te.

Violino I.

Violino II.

Viola.

Basso.

Continuo.

First system of musical notation, measures 1-5. The score is for Violino I, Violino II, Viola, Basso, and Continuo. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 3/4. Violino I has a trill in measure 4. The Continuo part is a simple bass line.

Second system of musical notation, measures 6-10. The score continues with the same instruments. Violino I has a trill in measure 7. The Continuo part continues with a simple bass line.

Third system of musical notation, measures 11-15. The score continues with the same instruments. Violino I has a trill in measure 12. The Continuo part continues with a simple bass line.

Gra - ti as a - gi mus

ti - bi, gra - ti as a - gi mus ti -

bi pro - pter ma - gnam glo -



First system of the musical score. It features a piano accompaniment with a complex, flowing melody in the right hand and a more rhythmic bass line in the left hand. The vocal line enters in the second measure with the lyrics "riam tu - am, gra - ti as a - gi - mus". The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#), and the time signature is 4/4.

riam tu - am, gra - ti as a - gi - mus



Second system of the musical score. The piano accompaniment continues with intricate patterns. The vocal line begins with a trill (tr) on the word "ti" and then sings "bi pro - pter ma - gnam glo -". The key signature and time signature remain consistent with the first system.

ti - bi pro - pter ma - gnam glo -



Third system of the musical score. The piano accompaniment features a prominent trill (tr) in the left hand. The vocal line concludes the phrase with "riam tu - am." The key signature and time signature remain consistent with the previous systems.

riam tu - am.

The first system of musical notation consists of four staves. The top two staves are in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The bottom two staves are in bass clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music features a complex texture with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes, particularly in the lower staves.

The second system of musical notation consists of four staves. The top two staves are in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The bottom two staves are in bass clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music continues with complex textures. The lyrics "Do - mine De - us, rex coele - stis, De - us" are written below the bottom staff, aligned with the vocal line.

The third system of musical notation consists of four staves. The top two staves are in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The bottom two staves are in bass clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music continues with complex textures. The lyrics "Pa - - - - ter o-mni-po-tens, Pa - - - - ter o-mni-po-tens, Do - mine De -" are written below the bottom staff, aligned with the vocal line.

us, rex coe-le - - - stis, Deus Pa - - - ter o-mni-po-tens, Pa - - -

- - - ter o-mni-po-tens, De - - us "Pa - - - ter omni - - po-tens!

Gra - - ti - as a - gi - mus ti - - bi,

gra - - ti - as a - gi - mus ti - - bi pro - pter ma - gnam glo -

- - - ri - am tu - - - am. Do - - - mi - ne Fi - - - li

First system of the musical score. It features a piano accompaniment with a right hand playing a melodic line and a left hand playing a bass line. The vocal line is in the bass clef, with lyrics written below it. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 3/4.

u - ni - ge - ni te, u-ni ge - ni te Je - su Chri - ste, Domine

Second system of the musical score. It continues the piano accompaniment and the vocal line. The lyrics are written below the vocal staff.

Fi - li unige-ni te Je - su Chri-ste, u-ni-genite

Third system of the musical score. It concludes the piano accompaniment and the vocal line. The lyrics are written below the vocal staff.

Jesu Chri - ste, Do-mi-ne Fi -

li u ni - geni - te Je - su, Je - su Chri - ste! Gra - ti.

as a - gi-mus ti - bi, gra - ti, as a - gi-mus

ti - bi pro - pter ma - guam glo -

The first system of musical notation consists of five staves. The top two staves are for the right hand of the piano, and the bottom three are for the left hand and voice. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 4/4. The piano accompaniment features a steady eighth-note pattern in the right hand and a more complex, flowing pattern in the left hand. The voice part enters in the third measure with a melodic line.

The second system of musical notation continues the piece. It features the same piano accompaniment and voice part. The lyrics "ri-am, pro - pter magnam glo" are written below the voice staff. The piano accompaniment continues with its characteristic patterns, and the voice part follows the melody.

The third system of musical notation concludes the piece. It features the same piano accompaniment and voice part. The lyrics "ri am tu - am." are written below the voice staff. The piano accompaniment continues with its characteristic patterns, and the voice part follows the melody, ending with a trill (tr) in the final measure.



The first system of musical notation consists of five staves. The top staff is a treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 2/4 time signature. It contains a complex, fast-moving melodic line with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The second staff is a treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 2/4 time signature, containing a simpler melodic line. The third staff is an alto clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 2/4 time signature, containing a simple harmonic line. The fourth staff is a bass clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 2/4 time signature, containing a simple harmonic line. The fifth staff is a bass clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 2/4 time signature, containing a simple harmonic line.



The second system of musical notation consists of five staves. The top staff is a treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 2/4 time signature, containing a complex, fast-moving melodic line with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The second staff is a treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 2/4 time signature, containing a simpler melodic line. The third staff is an alto clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 2/4 time signature, containing a simple harmonic line. The fourth staff is a bass clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 2/4 time signature, containing a simple harmonic line. The fifth staff is a bass clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 2/4 time signature, containing a simple harmonic line.



The third system of musical notation consists of five staves. The top staff is a treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 2/4 time signature, containing a complex, fast-moving melodic line with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The second staff is a treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 2/4 time signature, containing a simpler melodic line. The third staff is an alto clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 2/4 time signature, containing a simple harmonic line. The fourth staff is a bass clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 2/4 time signature, containing a simple harmonic line. The fifth staff is a bass clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 2/4 time signature, containing a simple harmonic line.

Violino I. II.

Soprano.

Alto.

Continuo.

Do - mine De - us, a - gnus

Do - mine De - us, a - gnus

forte *piano* *forte* *piano* *forte*

De - i,

De - i,

piano

Do - mine De - us, a - gnus De - i, Fi - lius Pa - tris,

Do - mine De - us, a - gnus De - i, Fi - lius Pa -

forte *piano* *forte*

Fi - lius Pa - tris, Fi - lius Pa - tris,

- tris, Fi - lius Pa - tris, Fi - lius Pa - tris,

piano *forte*

qui tol - lis pec - ca - ta

qui tol - lis pec - ca - ta

piano *forte*

mundi, pec - ca - ta mun - di, mi - se - re - re no -

mundi, pec - ca - ta mun - di, mi - se - re - re no -

piano *forte* *piano*

bis, qui tol - lis pec - ca - ta mundi, mi - se - re -

bis, qui tol - lis pec - ca - ta mundi, mi - se - re -

forte *piano* *forte* *piano*

- re no - bis!

- re no - bis!

Qui tol -

Qui tol - lis pec - ca - ta mun - di, pec - ca - ta

lis pec - ca - ta mun - di, qui tol - lis pec - ca - ta

mundi, pec - ca - ta mun - di, su - scipe de - pre - ca - ti - o -

mundi, pec - ca - ta mun - di, su - scipe de - pre -

- nem nostram, su - scipe de - pre - ca - ti - o - nem

ca - ti - o - nem nostram, su - scipe de - pre - ca - ti - o -

nostram, su - scipe de - pre - ca - ti - o - nem nostram,

- nem nostram, su - scipe de - pre - ca - ti - o - nem



First system of the musical score. It features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The lyrics are: "su - - scipe depre-ca-ti o - - - - - nem no - stram!". The piano part includes dynamic markings "forte" and "piano".



Second system of the musical score. The vocal line continues with the lyrics: "Qui se - - - - - des ad dex - tram Pa - - -". The piano accompaniment includes dynamic markings "forte" and "piano".



Third system of the musical score. The vocal line continues with the lyrics: "tris, ad dex - - - - - tram, ad dextram Patris, ad dex - - - - - tram Pa - - tris, dex - - tram Pa - - - - - tris, qui se - - des ad dex - - - - - tram Patris, mi - -".



Fourth system of the musical score. The vocal line continues with the lyrics: "mi - - se - re - re no - bis, mi - - se - re - re no - bis, mi - - se - re - re no - bis, mi - - se - re - re no - bis, mi - -".



no-bis, mi - - se-re-re no-bis, mi - - se-re-re nobis, mi - - se-re-re,
- - se-re-re no-bis, mi - - se-re-re no-bis, mi - - se-re-re no-bis,



mi - - se-re-re, mi-se-re - - - - - re no-bis!
mi - - se-re-re, mi-se-re - - - - - re no-bis!

forte *piano*



forte *piano* *forte*

Adagio.

Oboe Solo.

Tenore.

Continuo.

Quo - ni - am tu so - lus san - ctus, tu so - lus Do - mi -

nus,

quo - ni - am tu so - lus

piano

san - ctus, tu so - lus Do - mi - nus, tu so - lus san -



et us, tu so - lus Do mi nus, tu so - lus, tu so -



lus san - et us, tu so - lus Do mi nus, tu so - lus san - et us, tu



so - lus Do - mi nus, tu so - lus san - et us, tu so - lus Do - mi - nus, *forte*




tu so - lus, so - lus al tis - si - mus, tu so - lus, so - lus al tis - si - mus Je - su, *piano*

Je - su Chri - ste, Je - su, Je - su Chri - ste,

[illegible]

ste, tu so - lus san - - etus, tu so - lus Do - - ni - nus, tu so - lus altis - si -

mus, al-tis - si-mus, tu so-lus al-tis - simus Je - su, Je - su Chri - ste.

A musical score for the song 'The Rose Tree'. It features a treble and bass staff. The treble staff has a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 2/4 time signature. The melody is written in a single line with various note values and rests. The bass staff is mostly empty, with a few notes and rests. The title 'The Rose Tree' is written in a decorative font at the top right.

Oboe I.

Oboe II.

Violino I.

Violino II.

Viola.

Soprano.

Alto.

Tenore.

Basso.

Continuo.

Cum san_eto Spi - ritu, eum san_eto Spi - ritu, eum san - eto Spi - ri -

tu in glori_a De_i Pa-tris,

tu in glori_a De_i Pa-tris,

tu in glori_a De_i Pa-tris, eum san - eto Spi - ri - tu in glo -

tu in glori_a De_i Pa-tris,

in glo-ria De-i Pa-tris,
 in glo-ria De-i Pa-tris, eum san-cto Spi-ritu
 in glo-ria De-i Pa-tris, A-men, A-

ri-tu in glo-ria De-i Pa-tris,
 A-men, in glo-

in glo - ri - a De - i

Amen, in glo - ri - a De - i Patris, in glo - ri - a De - i Pa - tris,

- ri - a De - i Patris, in glo - ri - a De - i

in glo - ri - a De - i

Pa - tris, cum - san - cto Spi - ri - tu in glo -

A - men, A - men, in glo - ri - a De - i Pa - tris, A -

Pa - tris, A - men, in glo -

Pa - tris,

- ria De-i Pa-tris, A - men, in glo-ria De-i Pa -
 - men, A - men, A - men, in glo-ria
 - ria De-i Pa-tris, A - men, A - men, A -
 eum san - cto Spi - ri - tu in glo -

- tris, A - men, in glo - ria De - i Pa - tris,
 De - i Pa-tris, A - men, in glo - ria De - i
 - men, A - men, in glo -
 - ria De - i Pa - tris, A -

Pa-tris, A - men, A - men, A -

ri a, in glo-ri-a De-i Pa-tris,

men, A - men, in glo-

A - men, in glo-ri-a De-i Pa-tris, A - men, A - men,

ri - a Dei

men, A - - men, cum san - - - eto Spi -

men,

A - - men, A - - men,

Pa - - tris, A - - men, in glo-ri-a De-i Pa - - - tris,

ri-tu

cum san - - - eto Spi - ri-tu

in glo-ri-a De-i Pa - - - tris, A - men,

A - men,

in glo-ria De-i Pa-tris,

in glo-ria De-i Pa-tris,

in glo-ria De-i Pa-tris,

in glo-ria De-i Pa-tris, cum san - - - cto Spi - - - ri - tu in glo -

in glo-ria De-i Patris,

in glo-ria De-i Patris,

in glo-ria De-i Patris, cum san -

- ria De - i Pa - - - tris, A - - - men,

eto Spi - ri - tu in glo - ri - a De - i
A - men, in glo - ri - a De - i Pa - tris, A -

in glo - ri - a De - i Pa - tris, in glo - ri -
Pa - tris, A - men, in glo - ri - a De - i Pa - tris, in glo - ri - a De - i Pa -
men, in glo - ri - a De - i Pa - tris, A -

a, in glo-ria De-i Pa-tris, in glo-
 in glo-ria De-i Pa-tris, eum san-cto Spi-ri-tu in glo-
 tris, in glo-ria De-i Pa-tris, A-men, A-men, in glo-ria De-i Pa-
 men, in glo-ria De-i Pa-tris, in glo-ri-a, in glo-

ri-a, eum san-cto Spi-
 ria De-i Pa-tris, A-men, A-men, A-
 tris, A-
 men, in glo-ri-a De-i Pa-tris,
 ri-a De-i Pa-tris, in glo-

ri - tu in glo - ri - a De - i Pa - tris, A - men, in glo - ri - a Dei Patris, A - men, in glo - ri - a Dei Patris, A - men, in glo - ri - a Dei Patris, A - men,

[illegible]

men, A - - - men, A - - -

men, A - - -

a, in glo - ri - a De - i Pa - - - tris, A - - - men, in glo - ri - a De - - - i

men, in glo -

men, A - - - men.

men, A - - - men.

Pa - - - tris, A - - - men, A - - - men, A - - - men.

ri - a Dei Pa - - - tris, A - - - men.